The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XVI. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1904. NO. 36

LOCAL NOTES.

—Thanksgiving to-morrow.

—Fresh and old meats at Shapiro Bros.

—Some large porkers are being killed in this place.

—To-morrow will be Thanksgiving Day. Give thanks.

—Miss May Robley is a student at Juniata college, Huntingdon.

—W. T. Boring, of Colfax, transacted business in Mapleton Monday.

—Miss Laura Edgein spent Sunday and Monday with friends in Altoona.

—Turkeys are selling in this market at from fifteen to seventeen cents per pound.

—Mrs. Joseph Patton, of Altoona, was the guests of Mapleton friends last week.

—Mrs. Rebecca E. Rex, of McVeytown, was the guest of Mapleton friends yesterday.

—Mrs. D. E. Parker, of Juniata, spent last week with her father in Union township.

—Marshall Yocum left Monday to visit friends in Altoona and western Pennsylvania.

—When you want fresh beef, pork or sausage go to C. H. Hooper's meat market.

—Charles Kline, Huntingdon's photographer, was in town yesterday doing some professional work.

—John S. Hicks is acting agent at this station in place of his father who is taking his annual vacation.

—The furnace at Orbisonia, which has been idle for some time, will be put in blast at an early date.

—Samuel L. McDonald has returned from a week's visit to his neice, Mrs. Jesse Chambers, at Vandegrift, Pa.

—Mrs. H. C. Bratton and daughter, of Harrisburg, spent a few hours with friends in Mapleton last Wednesday.

—Preparations are being made for blowing in Rockhill furnace. Ore is being shipped in and coke is being manufactured.

—President Roosevelt will pass through Mapleton about five o'clock next Friday morning on his way to the St. Louis Exposition.

—For sale—a practically new Connor piano. For further particulars call on or address, Mrs. W. H. Mounts, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

—Juniata will hereafter be the name of the postoffice at the hustling borough east of Altoona, it having been changed from Kipple.

—William McCahan, wife and son, Mrs. Himes and Mr. McCartney, all of Huntingdon, were guests of David Hawk's family Sunday.

—Mapleton Grange No. 1134, P. of H., will be inspected next Monday evening by Deputy W. T. Boring. All members are requested to be present.

—The Huntingdon and Broad Top railroad ticket office at Huntingdon was burglarized last Saturday night. The thieves secured two dollars.

—Mrs. Annie Woods, of Lancaster, is spending a few days with relatives in Mapleton, being on her way home from a visit to friends in Pittsburg.

—M. L. Neice and daughters, Misses Pearl and Meda, departed Monday for a week's visit with friends in Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Washington.

—Agent J. G. Hicks is enjoying a ten days' vacation, and in company with his sister, Mrs. Shane, will spend part of the time visiting in Philadelphia and New York.

—Mr. Hunter, of Altoona, who is organizing a camp of Modern Woodmen of America at Mount Union, was in Mapleton last week in the interest of the new camp.

—John P. Querry, of Hare's valley, killed two hogs last week, one of which weighed 361 pounds, and has two more which he expects to weigh about 400 pounds each.

—The ladies of the Presbyterian church will serve an oyster supper in the church annex next Saturday evening from five to seven o'clock. The patronage of the public is solicited.

—Rev. W. W. Evans, D. D., presiding elder of the Juniata district, who has been located at Lewistown, has rented a property in Huntingdon and will move thereto in the near future.

—The Liberty Bell passed through Mapleton last Saturday morning on its return to Philadelphia from the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. Quite a number of our people were out to get a view of the Bell.

—We regret to learn that our friend S. N. Minick, of Shade Gap, is critically ill at Washington, D. C., whither he had gone for treatment. But little hope is entertained of his recovery.

—Don't fail to attend the measuring social in the Methodist hall to-morrow (Thanksgiving) evening at 7 o'clock. Ice cream will be for sale; lunch and entertainment, free. Everybody welcome.

—H. H. Waite, Esq., and B. F. Godard, of Huntingdon, were among the sports in quest of game in this section last Thursday. They spent most of the day following bear tracks but bruin eluded them.

—Rev. H. K. Bower, pastor of the Mt. Union Baptist church, spent a few hours in Mapleton last Thursday. He informs us that he expects to have the new church at Mount Union ready for dedication about January 1st.

—A horse belonging to the Pittsburg White Sand company fell through a shaft at the quarry last Friday into the drift, a distance of sixty-five feet. Strange to say the animal sustained but a slight abrasion of the skin in the fall.

—On and after November 30 the mail route between Newton Hamilton and Atkinson's Mills will be discontinued. Beginning December 1 the Atkinson's Mills office will be supplied by the rural free delivery route from McVeytown.

—A. Milton Park, of Clay township, was a caller at the ITEM office last Wednesday, en route to Huntingdon. Mr. Park conducts a grocery and confectionery at Knightsville and does a good business. He deals extensively in railroad ties and switch timber.

—Engineer S. D. Wilson and Conductor G. S. DeBray, who have been running on the East Broad Top railroad since it commenced operations, have been placed on the retired list. Both gentlemen are well up in the sixty's and have been faithful and efficient employes.

—We are gaining trade every day by our low prices. Our prices are lower than anywhere else in town. Before buying elsewhere come and examine our line of goods and save money. Great bargains in every line. We take produce in exchange for goods. Shapiro Bros.

—The Juniata Valley Sand company commenced work last week at their quarry in Hare's valley. It will be some time before sufficient surface material is removed to open the quarry to advantage. The survey for the railroad is completed but the contract has not yet been awarded for the grading.

—Announcement has been made of the wedding of Miss Ethel Isenberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Isenberg, of Mount Union, and Mr. C. H. Weyant, manager of the Vulcan Trading Company's store at the same place, which event will take place at the home of the bride's parents to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock.

—Wednesday of last week Drs. W. Albert Nason, of Roaring Springs, D. P. Miller, of Huntingdon, and G. W. Simpson, of Mill Creek, performed an operation on Mrs. George Eby, of Mill Creek, for obstruction of the bowels. Mrs. Eby was 77 years old the day previous and this fact held out but little promise for the success of the operation. However, we are pleased to note that it was a decided success and Mrs. Eby is rapidly recovering.

—Mrs. Catharine J. Manning, wife of Captain John Manning, died at her home in Hollidaysburg last Saturday morning. Her maiden name was Murray and she was born in Hollidaysburg, January 17, 1840. She was an estimable Christian lady and a guest was always hospitably entertained in her home. Mrs. Manning had many friends in this county who will learn with sorrow of her death. She is survived by her husband and six daughters. The remains were interred at Hollidaysburg yesterday.

—The line officers of the Fifth regiment, Second brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania, assembled at the Logan House, Altoona, Tuesday afternoon, November 15, at 3 o'clock and elected a major to fill the vacancy caused by the recent resignation of Major S. H. Hughes. Captain John C. Dunkle, of Company A, Huntingdon, and Captain Peter Litzel, of Company H, of Johnstown, were nominated for the vacant position, and a ballot taken, which resulted in the election of Captain Dunkle, who received five votes over Captain Litzel. Immediately after the election the newly elected major was sworn into office by Lieutenant Colonel Bare.

—Monday morning the Pennsylvania Railroad company's new round house at East Altoona was opened and the old round house at Twelth street was abandoned. All engines used in the Altoona yards, and on the middle, Pittsburg and Cresson and Clearfield divisions will be dispatched and housed at the new round house, excepting passenger engines used on the middle and Pittsburg divisions which will be housed in No. 3 round house. Workmen were transferred from the old to the new round house and W. D. McKelvey was made general foreman.

The Christmas Delineator.

The December *Delineator*, with its message of good cheer and helpfulness, will be welcomed in every home. The fashion pages are unusually attractive, illustrating and describing the very latest modes in a way to make their construction during the busy festive season a pleasure instead of a task, and the literary and pictorial features are of rare excellence. A selection of Love Songs from the Wagner Operas, rendered into English by Richard de Gallienne and beautifully illustrated in colors by J. C. Leyendecker, occupies a prominent place, and a chapter in the Composers' Series, relating the Romance of Wagner and Cosima, is an interesting supplement to the lyrics. A very clever paper entitled "The Court Circles of the Republic," describes some unique phases of Washington social life is from an unnamed contributor, who is said to write from the inner circles of society. There are short stories from the pens of F. Hopkinson Smith, Robert Grant, Alice Brown, Mary Stewart Cutting and Elmore Elliott Peake, and such interesting writers as Julia Magruder, L. Frank Baum, and Grace MacGowan Cooke hold the attention of the children. Many Christmas suggestions are given in needlework and the Cookery pages are redolent of the Christmas feast. In addition, there are the regular departments of the magazine, with many special articles on topics relating to woman's interests within and without the home.

Murder at Robertsdale.

Calozero Vignero, an Italian, shot and killed a fellow countryman, Charles Caradwano, at Robertsdale about 5.30 o'clock last Thursday evening. It appears that the men were engaged in playing cards and Caradwano had won all of Vignero's money. They had some words but later left the house together in apparently good humor but when outside Vignero drew a revolver and shot his companion in the head, killing him instantly. A number of people witnessed the shooting but permitted the murderer to escape into the mountain. The next morning he was seen along the railroad near Three Springs by Engineer Kidley who notified Constable E. S. Heeter, of Three Springs. Mr. Heeter arrested Vignero and took him to the Huntingdon jail. He will be tried at the December term of court. The murdered man leaves a wife and one child. The murderer is unmarried. Both men were aged about 28 years.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company Will Issue Clerical Orders for 1905.

Pursuant to its usual custom, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will issue clerical orders for the year 1905 to ordained clergyman having regular charge as settled pastors of churches located on or near its lines. Clergymen desiring such orders should make individual application for same on blanks furnished by the Company and which can now be obtained from the Ticket Agents. Applications should be sent to the General Office of the Company as soon as possible, in no case later than December 15, so that orders may be mailed by December 30, to all clergymen entitled to receive them.

11-23-1t

Disastrous Wrecks.

Carelessness is responsible for many a railway wreck and the same causes are making human wrecks of sufferers from Throat and Lung troubles. But since the advent of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, even the worst cases can be cured, and hopeless resignation is no longer necessary. Mrs. Lois Cragg, of Dorchester, Mass., is one of many whose life was saved by Dr. King's New Discovery. This great remedy is guaranteed for all Throat and Lung diseases by Wright & Dell. Price 50c, and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Rev. Frank W. Curry.

Rev. F. W. Curry died Sunday evening, November 20, 1904, at the residence of his father-in-law, Charles A. Quiggle, at Williamsport.

Rev. Curry was a native of Clearfield county and was educated at the Lock Haven Normal school with a view of making teaching a profession. Feeling that he was called to preach the gospel he prepared for the ministry and was admitted to the Central Pennsylvania conference of the Methodist Episcopal church at York in 1892, and was assigned as junior preacher to the Concord charge. In 1893 he was appointed to Mapleton and Mill Creek and re-appointed in 1894. At the session of 1895, by request of the late Rev. Thompson Mitchell, he was transferred to High Street, Williamsport, to which he was successively appointed until 1899, when by reason of nervous prostration, caused by overwork, he took a supernumerary relation. His condition improved and in 1902 he re-entered the active work and was appointed to Park Place and Delano, where he remained until last spring when he was appointed to Fairview, a suburb of Altoona. At Fairview he was able to do the work but a short time when when his health gave way. He believed his ailment was appendicitis for which he underwent an operation. The operation disclosed the fact that the ailment was cancer and that death was inevitable. He resigned his pastorate and a couple months ago was removed to the home of his father-in-law where he died as above stated. Rev. Curry was about 35 years of age and was married to Miss Quiggle about three years ago. He was very popular wherever he ministered and was a preacher of considerable ability. While in Mapleton he made many friends all of whom have been interested in his career and all of whom learn with sorrow of his death in the flower of his young manhood.

Philip C. Hazard.

From the Monroe (Ia.) Mirror.

Philip C. Hazard quietly passed away at his residence in Monroe, November 8, 1904. He had been gradually growing feeble during the last two years but was not taken bedfast until but a short time before his death. His death was very peaceful.

Mr. Hazard was born in Huntingdon county, Pa., May 21, 1830. He was married to Miss Amy Swope, August 19, 1855, with whom he lived in happy companionship during life. To this union were born nine children, one dying in infancy, and Belle, wife of C. L. Chipps, departed this life September 6, 1904. All the remaining children were present at the funeral except George B., of Gypsum, Colorado.

Deceased with his family removed from Pennsylvania to Illinois in 1865, and from there to Monroe in 1874. He has lived among us respected as an upright citizen and a man who loved his home above anything on earth. He was a good husband, a kind and loving father, and his death is mourned by all.

The funeral was from the Baptist church, Thursday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Smith, officiating.

School Report.

The second month of the Sherman school, Union township, closed Friday, November 11, 1904. Following is the report:

No. enrolled, males 10, females 13, total 23; average attendance, males 9, females 9, total 18; per cent. of attendance, males 86, females 72, total 79.

Names of pupils who missed no time are Edith Pheasant, Flora Miller, George Miller, Edward Miller, Ernest Miller and Ray Miller. Visitors 4. Elba I. Coder, teacher.

Not a Sick Day Since.

"I was taken severely sick with kidney trouble. I tried all sorts of medicines, none of which relieved me. One day I saw an ad. of your Electric Bitters and determined to try that. After taking a few doses I felt relieved, and soon thereafter was entirely cured, and have not seen a sick day since. Neighbors of mine have been cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver and Kidney troubles and General Debility." This is what B. F. Bass, of Fremont, N. C., writes. Only 50c at Wright & Dell's.

Small Angelica's family were moving away from their native town. The night before they were to leave, Angelica was heard to conclude her customary bedtime prayer as follows: "*** and now goodbye, God, for to-morrow we're going to move to Chicago."—*Harper's Weekly.*

Communicated.

MR. EDITOR:—Well, the old Democratic party busted up and went to sticks at last. Teddy will have to act up awful bad before it will be needed to switch Republicanism with a gain. I would respectfully suggest to the new party that will be formed out of the fragments that if they ever want to win out Herod, Herod, that is if Roosey threatens to regulate the trust they promise to bust 'em up entirely; if Teddy continues a protective tariff on imports they include foreign labor in the imports as affording the greatest protection; if Teddy digs a ship canal to facilitate transportation let the new party promise to pike all the roads in the U. S.; that instead of socializing only the post-offices and common schools they socialize transportation and all public institutes and so on. It is not by setting old conservatism on the shirt tail of progress to holler "woe! woe!" that you will get into office by cavorting in front of the band wagon and threatening to do something new. This is preeminently an age of progress and these U. S. have evidently been picked out from among the nations and set apart to ride the lead horse and any man or party that monkeys around the track of progress is bound to furnish the principal ingredient in a funeral before long. No, don't go to building on other people's faults, picking flaws in what's going on. You see all that stuff about Teddy not being "safe and sane," etc., etc., didn't cut any ice at all in fact. If I was running for office I think I would hire someone to abuse me, for I've noticed that as a rule it's the abused fellow that's elected. Finding fault unless you have bad facts and overwhelming evidence to clinch 'em with don't amount to shucks, but if you get up a rippin' and tearin' new program bearin' down heavy on the new features, advancements and additions, you may eventually leave the other fellows trailing along behind like the poor obsolete Democracy is doin' now. The reason Bryan did better than Parker was because he stood for something. He didn't bark at the other dogs that were trying to tree something but started game of his own, and if the new party, that is to be, ever amounts to anything it will have to have a lot of live progressive and aggressive issues and wade fearlessly in to win an them. Roosevelt out-classed both Parker and Bryan because he had done some pretty nice things for New York before he was President and has been doing some mighty significent ones since and people thought if they would sign his credentials right freely they might look for something still better. So they have signed as you have no doubt noticed. Now since the Roosevelt rung of the ladder of governmental progress is in and wedged tight there is no use in any future political organization trying to pull the Nation down onto any lower rung for it wont pull. They or it, the organization, must stick in a rung of good, tough timber above and keep climbing higher and higher in governmental progress till justice reaches the greatest possible nnmber. Don't talk about the past. Our goal is ahead and there is any quanity of old, rotten rubbish to clear out of the way before we can attain it. J. G. C.

Birthday Dinner.

A very pleasant and enjoyable event occurred at the residence of J. M. Wakefield, of Mapleton, on Tuesday of last week when a dinner was prepared in honor of Miss Katie Denisar, of Well's Tannery, Fulton county, a niece of Mrs. Wakefield. The invited guests were Miss Gertrude Young, Miss Mary Denisar and Mr. Charles Earley, all of Fulton county; Miss Pearl Harshbarger, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wakefield, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Lynn and Mr. and Mrs. Abram Shaffer, all of near Mapleton; Mr. Ephiram Walls, of Huntingdon; Miss Ida Bishop, of Milroy, and Mr. W. W. Withington, of Washington, D. C. The occasion which brought these guests together was the fifteenth anniversary of the birth of the guest of honor, Miss Katie Denisar, a very pleasant and agreeable young lady. The dinner was one of Mrs. Wakefield's best efforts which is equivalent to saying that it could not be surpassed by any housekeeper in the Keystone State as all who were present stand willing to bear witness. The afternoon was spent in very lively and pleasant social intercourse, and the participants will remember the occasion with very great satisfaction and pleasure. A GUEST.

BIG GAS TANKS EXPLODE

Charging Station of Pyle National Headlight Company Destroyed.

CHICAGO BLOCK IN FLAMES

Four Dead Bodies Were Removed While Fire Still Burned—Many Were Injured —Twenty-two Tanks in All Were Exploded — Fire Caused by Torch in Hand of Laborer.

Chicago, Ill.—Twenty-two acetylene gas tanks exploded the other morning in the charging station of the Pyle National Headlight Company, in South Chicago, where forty odd men were at work. Four bodies have been taken from the ruins of the station; two were mortally hurt and twenty others suffered injuries.

The force of the explosion wrecked the entire building, covering a city block, carried debris a mile and a half, reduced to particles most of the windows in houses within half a mile and threw the walls of hundreds of houses out of plumb. The trembling of the ground from the explosions and the deafening roar resulting so frightened people that within a few moments every house within a radius of half a mile was deserted.

The streets were crowded by persons fleeing, their arms heaped with their valuables. Storekeepers left their shops wide open, and the scene was one as though a volcano was in eruption. That the frightened ones had good reason to fear is shown by the fact that all of the buildings within a block of the charging station were so badly damaged as to be unhabitable.

The Pyle Company was a tenant of the People's Gas Light Company, the many huge gas tanks of which were nearby. The police completely surrounded the property occupied by the gas company, but kept at a distance that assured safety. The firemen for a time were forced to throw water on the fire from a block's distance, momentarily expecting to be hurled to the earth by the explosion of the big tanks. The flames were shooting hundreds of feet into the air, accompanied by clouds of black smoke from the burning gas. Great masses of bricks and iron from the burning tanks were thrown into the air by explosions.

To prevent the explosion of the gas in the mammoth tanks the gas company officials ordered the waste pipes opened. These pipes run outside of the plant, and in a short time the big tanks were discharging gas into the air. This was a dangerous undertaking, but it was chanced, and proving successful, prevented a larger destruction of property.

Across South Chicago avenue, directly opposite the gas storage buildings, was a large coal shed filled with coal. The huge coal pile was ignited, and in a few moments the blaze there was beyond control.

The twenty-two tanks were each charged with 2250 pounds to the cubic inch of acetylene gas. They are the tanks that are connected to railroad coaches for lighting, and each gives light to a car for six months without recharging. Eleven tanks exploded in quick succession, and were soon followed by the blasts of the remaining eleven. At the first explosion all of the men employed in the charging station started to escape. Some of them got outside with slight injuries; others were caught on the verge of safety and were seriously hurt, while those in the rear must have met death instantly.

The dead were buried under tons of burning timber and hot brick and iron, making it impossible to remove their bodies for hours. Firemen poured water on that part of the building in which the dead were thought to be buried until the flames were subdued sufficiently to permit of the four bodies being removed.

It is officially reported that the accident was due to an employe entering the charging room with a torch and meeting gas coming from a leak in one of the tanks.

Those whose bodies have been recovered were Ralph Wells, superintendent; George Muehl, engineer; Amos Watkins, assistant superintendent, and John Jennings, laborer. Those who will die of their hurts are W. M. Maloney and Alfred Cox.

PUT ON CRANK SHAFT AT SEA.

Steamship Jersey City Spent a Week Doing It.

New York City.—The steamship Jersey City, in from Swansea, after a passage of twenty-five days, reports that when nine days out she broke her crank shaft. She was a week refitting with a spare shaft, then resuming her voyage. She had no passengers.

Shortage of Iron Ore.

Though it is generally conceded that the current output of iron ore is not sufficient to enable all the merchant blast furnaces to operate continuously up to the opening of navigation next year, it is now considered doubtful whether the operation of all these furnaces will prove necessary, as the principal furnaces are not anxious to see the aggregate production grow larger than the demand.

Troops Protect Embassy.

Troops protected the Austrian Embassy at Rome against a mob enraged by the Innsbruck affair.

SOUND STEAMER BURNS

Central Vermont Line Freight Boat Destroyed by Fire.

The Mohawk Caught Fire at Night When Off Cornfield—One of Her Crew Lost—Remainder Rescued by the Boston.

Fall River, Mass.—The Fall River Line freight steamer Boston arrived at her pier in this city about 9 a. m., three hours late, having stopped to rescue the crew of the Central Vermont Railroad freighter Mohawk, which the Boston overtook, on fire, in Long Island Sound in the night. The Boston brought twenty-seven persons from the Mohawk, including twenty-five of the crew and two women, wives of officers of the Mohawk. Andrew Larsen, the night watchman of the steamer, a Swede, was lost. As he was the person who should have discovered the fire, and as no report from him was received by the officers of the ship, it is supposed that he was overcome by the flames and burned to death. The members of the crew remained in Fall River only a short time, taking a train for Providence. The captain of the Boston gives the following account of the disaster:

The Boston came up with the Mohawk at 12.45 o'clock in the morning, about a mile east of Cornfield. The Mohawk was then about an hour's run from New London, her usual terminus on the eastward trip. The Mohawk was stopped and was burning furiously forward. She signalled the Boston, which ran up as close as possible and stood by to give assistance. A boat containing two women and some members of the crew put out from the Mohawk almost immediately after the Boston's arrival, and the two women were placed safe on board the Fall River line boat. The boat crew which had come to the Boston put back at once. An hour later, driven by the spreading of the flames, the Mohawk's crew abandoned the burning vessel and reached the Boston in two boats. As they drew away it was seen that the Mohawk was ablaze from end to end, and shortly after they had reached the Boston a heavy explosion occurred on the Mohawk, which lifted the deck. The smokestacks flew upward, followed by a burst of flame and dense columns of black smoke. Then the flames leaped up to a great height and continued burning fiercely. It was apparent that no further purpose would be served if the Boston remained by, and she resumed her course for Fall River.

The Mohawk's men said that the fire was discovered by those in the pilot house shortly after midnight. It was pretty well forward, and the crew were at once sent to their stations to fight the flames. The great heat, however, prevented them from getting close to the blaze, which spread and steadily drove back those who opposed it until the entire vessel was doomed. As the night watchman was the person who should have discovered the fire, and as no report from him was received by the officers of the ship, it is believed that he attempted to quench the flames and was overcome and burned to death.

The Mohawk's cargo, it was said here, was one of the heaviest in months. It included nearly 1000 barrels of sugar, a large quantity of baled rags, besides oil and gasolene. Those who were on board of her were unable to estimate her value or to approximate the value of her cargo.

FATAL COLLISION ON THE ERIE.

Milk Train Crashes Into Caboose, Setting It on Fire—Conductor Dead.

Port Jervis, N. Y.—A fatal collision on the Erie Railroad occurred at 7 o'clock at night at Buckley's Yard, two miles west of here, in which Conductor Joseph Warren was burned to death in his caboose. The two trainmen, William Whalen and B. W. Adams, were sent to the Port Jervis Hospital badly bruised. Whalen's right arm and a rib were broken and his elbow dislocated and one of Adams' ribs was fractured and his right leg injured.

KILLED IN MINE BLOW-UP.

Morrisey, B. C., Scene of the Disaster, Caused by Coal Gas Explosion.

Fernie, B. C.—Fourteen miners were killed in the Carbonado mines in Morrisey as the result of an explosion of coal gas. The disaster occurred in No. 1 mine, ten miles west of Fernie. All bodies have been recovered.

Mexican Rubber Crop Good.

The Mexican Journal of Commerce says that the gathering of rubber has been very good in many parts of the State of Vera Cruz this year. In the canton of Acayucan, from the plantations of San Vicente Escamada, of Las Palmas, of El Rosario, of Pedrosa and of Rubio 450 quintals valued at $45,000 have been exported to New York direct.

Clergyman Sent to Jail.

A Baptist minister, of North Brookfield, Mass., was sent to jail for contempt of court, being unable to pay his fine.

Prince Fushimi Brings Gifts.

Mrs. Roosevelt and Mrs. Hay received priceless silks and other gifts from Prince Fushimi on behalf of the Mikado.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON.

The Secretary of the Treasury announced that he would require those national banks which have on deposit Federal moneys the security for which is State or municipal bonds to substitute for those bonds either United States bonds, Philippine certificates or friar land bonds.

As the result of an early morning fire in a row of two-story houses opposite the west side of the Postoffice Department Building, two men were burned to death, one man had both legs broken and two women inmates were severely injured by jumping out of a second-story window. The two men were burned beyond recognition. The fire started a little before 2 o'clock and quickly spread through several houses. The occupants were all asleep, and those who were saved made their escape by jumping. The property loss was small.

Postmaster-General Wynne appointed Frank H. Galbraith Superintendent of Mails at Chicago, Ill., at $3000 a year.

Prince Fushimi, the adopted brother of the Mikado, arrived in Washington.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Few disturbances of any sort have been reported from the Phillipines, and it is believed that the recent rebellion is now well under control.

Private Sibley, who deserted from the Sixteenth United States Infantry early in the Philippines' insurrection and joined the insurgents, but who surrendered to the authorities on October 10, was convicted and sentenced the other day to ten years' imprisonment and a fine of $2000.

Nine scouts of the Thirty-eighth Company and an American attached to the Hospital Corps were killed in an ambush in Samar.

DOMESTIC.

Three non-union glass workers, going to Elwood, Ind., to take the places of strikers, were badly beaten at Alexandria, Ind.

Eleven Japanese and six Chinese have been denied a landing at San Francisco, Cal., because afflicted with trachoma.

Scientific members of the American Geographical Society are forming a new organization.

The crew of the brig C. C. Sweaney were rescued and brought into Philadelphia, Pa., after having been lashed in the rigging for twenty-four hours.

An advance in the price of building supplies has been agreed upon by the Southern Yellow Pine Sash, Door, & Blind Manufacturers' Association.

Professor Chittenden, of Yale University, published the results of dietary experiments conducted by him upon an extensive scale.

Colonel Henry Watterson, of Louisville, Ky., and editor of the Louisville Courier Journal, and his family sailed from New York City, for Europe.

Dr. Charles W. Dabney was inaugurated president of the University of Cincinnati.

Lizzie Jacobson, of New York City, fifteen years old, was arrested on many complaints that she has been systematically robbing houses where she would hire out as a nurse.

Four men were asphyxiated by escaping gas in gas works at Dover, N. J.

Colonel Frank J. Hecker resigned as a member of the Panama Canal Commission. The President accepted his resignation.

The Fall River cotton manufacturers and operatives were unable to come to any agreement, and the conference was brought to a close.

A lion, two monkeys, ostriches and a zebra—gifts from King Menelik to President Roosevelt—arrived in New York City.

Burglars secured about $2000 in cash from the bank at Rio, Ill., and escaped on a handcar.

Infuriated because Johnson Eaton was going away, James Wilson, his brother-in-law, shot and killed him at Commerce, Ga.

Struck by a railroad train at Saratoga, N. Y., the Rev. Charles F. Dowd, seventy-five years of age and for many years principal of Temple Grove Seminary, was fatally hurt.

Five supposed safe blowers were arrested at Chicago Junction, Ohio, all of them well armed and provided with the tools necessary to safe cracking.

Henry D. Curtis, local manager of the Tidewater Traprock Company's quarries, at Branford, Conn., lured to lonely office, was beaten and robbed on the way, while the company's buildings were burned.

Mrs. Josephine Noble was held in the Queens County Jail, N. Y., without bail on a charge of homicide, pending further investigation of the killing of her husband, Payton Noble, in their apartments, in Long Island City.

A damage suit for $1,000,000 was brought in Providence, R. I., by a Cambridge (Mass.) man for alleged broken contracts.

FOREIGN.

There were rumors in Paris that the French Cabinet would be reorganized.

King Carlos and Queen Amelia were guests of the city of London at Guildhall.

A bomb was exploded in the Calle Fernando, Barcelona, injuring six persons, one of them fatally.

Rumors of a recurrence of the Kaiser's throat trouble and of the necessity for another operation are discredited in Berlin.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Women Fight a Mad Dog.

A large rabid dog ran amuck through the streets of Clifton Heights the other morning, attacking a number of children at play in the rear of the residence of Richard Gabe, on Walnut street. Two elder of the four Gabe children escaped, leaving their brother George, aged four years, at the mercy of the animal. Mrs. Gabe hastened to her child's assistance, grasped the tot in her hands and held him high above her head. The dog then turned on her, damaging her dress and making every effort to tear her flesh. Her screams attracted Mrs. John Byram, a neighbor, who picked up a heavy stick and fought the beast off, but herself barely escaped his teeth. After an exciting chase the animal was cornered and shot.

Death Leaves Drink Contest Tie.

George Piatt, twenty-six years old, was found dead in the office of a livery stable at No. 620 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg. Death was the result, it is said, of a contest between Piatt and a companion, Andrew Brown, employed in the stable, as to which could drink the most whisky. The wager was made and the contestants went to a near-by saloon for the purpose of settling it. Each of the men, as reported, drank ten glasses of whisky, when Piatt complained of feeling ill and started to leave the saloon. He was taken to the office of the livery stable, where he was left by his friends apparently asleep. The next morning when the office door was opened Piatt was found lying on the floor dead.

Thieves Pester a Burgess.

Burgess John Molamphy, of Munhall, a little town six miles from Pittsburg, up the Monongahela River, is undecided whether to resign his office or publish an open letter to thieves and burglars generally saying he did not mean to hurt their feelings. When Molamphy took office some weeks ago his address was directed against burglars and thieves, and he said he would put them all in the penitentiary. Since then the house of the Burgess has been robbed four times. The other afternoon thieves entered his store in broad daylight and stole $140 from his till.

Girl Gives Thug an Upper-cut.

Chance gave Miss Anna Eck, of Hosensack, a valuable knowledge as to how one pugilist puts another to sleep with an upper-cut under the jaw. The trick stood her in fine stead the other day when a rough man stepped out from a clump of bushes and accosted her near her home. First, she struck him with all her vigor on the tip of the chin, so that he fell like a log. Then she ran home and told what had happened. He had only just recovered sufficiently when her mother and brothers went after him to board a passing freight train and escape.

Blew Up a Store.

The large furniture store of Helfrich & Bohnel, in Allentown, was partially wrecked the other evening by an explosion of gas, due to a gasman striking a match to locate a big leak. The explosion tore up the greater part of the flooring, tossed around and wrecked heavy pieces of furniture like so many tenpins, created havoc with the ceiling and walls and blew out the two large plate glass show windows. Some of the customers had narrow escapes from the flying timbers, plaster, furniture and glass. The damage was very heavy.

Jailed For Shooting a Footpad.

Local Italian societies at Shamokin received word the other day that Charlie Monelo, who formerly lived there, was in jail at Vandegrift, near Pittsburg, charged with murder, and they secured counsel for his defense. Monelo left Shamokin two years ago and opened a grocery store at Vandegrift. While returning home with a big roll of money, he was attacked by five footpads. He drew a revolver and fired, killing one of his assailants.

Dog Hauls Up Runaways.

A brave dog stopped a runaway in Hazleton. Miss Emily Crellin was out driving when her horses got beyond control, and she was thrown into the street, but a snowdrift saved her neck. The dog, which accompanied Miss Crellin, dashed after the runaways, leaped at the head of one of them, seized the rein in his teeth and brought the horse to its knees. Help soon arrived and the beast was still in possession of the team.

Parrot Frustrates Burglars.

"Cut it out," by a parrot frustrated burglars in the country home of Frank Chalk, in Norristown, the other night. The bird's chattering awakened Chalk and scared off the intruders, whom Chalk saw disappearing in the darkness. The shot which he fired at them did not take effect. Chalk found a suit case packed with the silverware of the house.

Trainmen's Wages Raised.

It is semi-officially announced from Pittsburg that trainmen on the Northwest, or Fort Wayne, system of the Pennsylvania Railroad will share in the increase of wages which was announced on the Southwest system.

Dog Saves Master.

A dog saved the life of his master, Charles Anderson, at Mayville, by pulling the bedclothes from the man who, on finding the house on fire, jumped through a window followed by his faithful servitor.

COLLEGE NOTES.

Enrollment at the New York University Graduate School has reached 235.

The Harvard Dental School has extended its work among the poor of Boston.

Herman Robbe, 1906, has been elected editor of the Columbia University Monthly in place of W. F. J. Piel, resigned.

A recent addition to the Rochester University library collection is a circulating musical library of about 500 volumes.

The Harverford library lectures for the year 1904-1905 will be delivered by Justice David J. Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court.

The annual Harvard debate with Princeton will be held at Princeton the latter part of March, and that with Yale at Cambridge in May.

With the College of Pharmacy already acquired and the donation for a school of journalism in hand, Columbia is a university in all that the word implies.

The forthcoming catalogue of living Yale graduates will contain the residences of all but 200 of the 12,700 graduates alive and the occupations of all but 500.

Hermann V. Hilprecht, of the Semitic Department of the University of Pennsylvania, is making extensive plans for the university's next expedition to Nippur, Babylonia.

Pro-seminary courses in the English, mathematical, and philosophical departments of Princeton have been scheduled for seniors who are candidates for final special honors.

In a talk to the students in the California University at a big meeting in Harmon Gymnasium, President Wheeler announced that the students guilty of insubordination in the recent riot over military orders would not be allowed to graduate.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Paying visits by airship is the latest fashionable novelty in Paris.

Both at Bonn and at Breslau new colleges for girls have been opened.

Hoy & Martin, a law firm composed of two young women, was formed in New York City.

The French Postal Department has decided to replace its mail coaches by electric motor cars.

Fifty of the largest postoffices showed for October an increase in receipts of 4.13 per cent.

The new French Hospital in New York, erected by the French Benevolent Society, was opened.

Efforts are being made by the Canadian Government to secure control of the wireless telegraph stations there.

From opium poisoning, presumably done with suicidal intent, Ferdinand Harff, a manufacturer, of Cincinnati, died at New York.

A Bible containing signatures supposed to be Shapespeare's was sold at Sotheby's, in London, Eng., for $1050 and will be sent to America.

Joseph Shapiro, a New York City clothing contractor, sued by his employes for wages due, fell dead on the witness stand when testifying in his own defense.

Practically the whole Long Island Railroad system was paralyzed by the failure to work of a new switching system installed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Five bald headed eagles inspected the new flatiron building, at Forty-second street and Broadway, New York City, and drew a crowd in the street below of some 2000 persons.

The magnificent fire drill system of the New York public schools was the means of saving every one of the 2500 pupils of School No. 17 from harm when flames started in the building.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Marquis Ito, of Japan, holds a Yale degree.

The first dividend to the creditors of the Marquis of Anglesey will be paid soon.

King Victor Emanuel of Italy has sent $2000 to the Italian Hospital in the City of Mexico.

The Hungarian poet, Hugo Csargo, has published some notebooks of the late Maurus Jokai.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland laid the cornerstone of the new building for the Hebrew Technical School for Girls, in New York.

The eminent Sanscrit scholar, Prof. Edmund Hardy, died at Bonn.

The new harness which the Khedive of Egypt ordered in England some months ago is the most costly ever made for four horses.

Jesse Wood, of Haywards, Cal., is trying to raise funds for a monument to the memory of Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo, the Portuguese explorer and navigator.

Forty-two years of service without ever having been late to his work is the record of J. S. Lotz, the oldest employe of the Internal Revenue Department at Washington, who has in that time handled $7,000,000.

James R. Lowe, an attorney and former State Senator, of San Jose, Cal., bequeathed real estate worth $70,000 and a considerable amount of personal property in a will scribbled upon a piece of manila wrapping paper.

Marshal Oyama, as he sat among his staff, smoking cigarettes and watching the battle of Liao-Yang, was in constant communication by field telegraph and other wires with the fourth army, under General Nodzu, and the first army, under General Kuroki, and he could talk over the wire to the besiegers at Port Arthur and to the Government in Tikio.

A SERMON FOR SUNDAY

A STRONG DISCOURSE ENTITLED, "THE KNOWLEDGE OF GOD."

The Rev. Livingston L. Taylor Tells Why Religion is an Affair of the Soul and God—Sectarian, Dogmatic Insistence is Perilous.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Sunday evening, in the Puritan Congregational Church, the pastor, the Rev. Livingston L. Taylor, had for the subject of his sermon, "The Knowledge of God." The text was from Psalm lxxxiv:2: "My heart and my flesh crieth out for the living God." Mr. Taylor said:

I come back to this pulpit in no uncertainty of mind with reference to what my message should be. I know, at any rate, where it must begin. Unless I mistake the terms of my commission, unless I mistake the nature of the means placed at my disposal, which are the Bible and the church, unless I mistake the example of my Master, it is my business to help men, so far as in me lies, to find God.

There is no mistaking my own mind, nor what the summer has done to confirm it in this conviction. To me, as to many of you, the glory of the Lord has been revealed anew in earth and sky and sea. To me, as to many of you, has come the opportunity to read and to think and to enter into the thoughts of other persons. We have gone out of doors with our religion. We have taken our ideas of God and life away from home with us. We have traveled far afield with them in the books which we have read. How have they fared?

For myself I did not by any means get rid of Jeremiah's words by preaching on them last Sunday morning. They stay by me, as they began to stay by me in the early summer. "The gods that have not made the heavens and the earth, these shall perish from the earth and from under the heavens." Heaven and earth bear testimony against every inadequate idea of God. We must have a God whom nothing in heaven or on earth can dethrone. We must have a God our faith in whom need not be shaken by anything we may learn about nature, or about the Bible, or about the life of men and nations. We must have a God who will not break down and perish out of our souls in the hour of trial. We must have a God who shall be God to us, our God, even when we can only cry with Job, "Oh, that I knew where I might find Him!" We must have a God to whom we may say, "Father, into Thy hands I commend my spirit" in the very hour in which we may have cried "My God, my God, why hast Thou forsaken me?" Such is the God and Father of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Such is the God from whom nothing in the heights or in the depths, nothing in the past, the present or the future could detach the faith of Paul. Such is the God our need of whom may be revealed to us at any moment by the lightning flash of some great calamity. Such is the God our need of whom will bear down upon our minds more and more heavily as we face more and more frankly the facts of life.

Here is a man who has been summoned by a midnight message to the bedside of his child. As he goes from ferry to ferry to ascertain by what route he can reach her most quickly, every man he addresses reads his secret and shows him kindness. Connections are close. Over every signal light that delays him the engineer sees a night lamp in a sick room that tells him every second lost must be made up. The conductor nervously hurries passengers off and on the train at every stop. The race is won. The father stands beside his child. There are the doctors. There are the nurses. There are friends. Everything that human love and sympathy and skill can suggest is being done. Where is thy God? I say, father, where is thy God? Nature says to him, "I have contrived a little sack in your child's body. I have filled it with poison. Within twenty-four hours I propose to break it. If I break it your child will die. If you are willing to take other chances, let the surgeons remove it. Then I will do the best I can for you."

Some men tell me that their God is nature. Does your God thus speak His whole mind? Why, that room where a father is making up his mind what answer to give to nature's ultimatum is flooded with pure love. Everybody cares. Are you ready to say "Everybody cares but God?" There is a sick child there to be accounted for. There is a harsh ultimatum of nature to be accounted for. But there are loving hearts in that room to be accounted for, also. And there is a universal capacity for sympathy and helpful action to be accounted for. It is a scene which fairly represents the tragedy of the world process. In which aspects of it do you discern the working of the higher law—in the merciless progress of the disease or in what is being done to save, to heal, to comfort? If there is any purpose, or even any tendency, to be discovered in such a scene, is it the triumph of pain and the perfecting of cruelty that is being promoted? or is it the perfecting of faith and love?

Christians should know where to look for God in such scenes. They will find Him in precisely the place in which they would look for Jesus Christ. Sometimes we wonder why so many miracles of healing are recorded in the gospels. May it not be because God wants us to know where to place Him when we are confronted by the elemental questions which sickness and pain and death are certain to raise in our minds? It is the higher law which should ever speak to us of God. It is with life and healing, with love and care, that we are taught to associate the thought of God. In the midst of life's confusions we know in part. When that which is perfect is come it will prove to be—love. We can even think of ourselves, when it is all over, looking back and saying:

"With mercy and with judgment
My web of time He wove,
And aye the dews of sorrow
Were lustered with His love;
I'll bless the hand that guided,
I'll bless the heart that planned,
When throned where glory dwelleth,
In Emmanuel's land."

I like to think of the positive aspects of the First Commandment: "Thou shalt have no other God before Me." That means, stated positively: Thou shalt have a God, and thou shalt have Me for thy God. Thou shalt have a God. It is the first law of the soul's own life. Thou shalt have a God whom nothing can ever make it unreasonable for you to trust. It is the soul's law of self preservation. How do we know when we are going to be in critical need of faith like Paul's—of faith like that of our dying Lord? Every man who suffers needs it. Every man who thinks needs it.

I say that every man who thinks needs God. We are thinking here to-night. We have been thinking some of the very thoughts which have stolen away the faith of many a man and many a woman. We have been facing facts which throw the mind into an agony. We have been dealing with conditions which faith has to reckon with. I have talked with men, the tumult of whose minds made me think of the north coast waves, as Robert Louis Stevenson describes them, in all the terror of them, in all the power of them to wreck the frail barks in which men voyage. There may be minds incapable of tumult. There may be people who cannot understand how any question relating to religion can so stir the mind. A young man who thinks and who knows how to think said to me not long ago: "I am swimming for my life." And he reproached Christian ministers for their aparent failure to realize that there are multitudes like himself, who are wrestling with the great underlying questions of God or no God, soul or no soul, immortality or annihilation, liberty or necessity.

Such a man wrote a little while ago to the editor of a well-known periodical. Prayer, the Bible, Christ, miracles, these were the subjects in thinking about which he had become bewildered. He calls loudly for help. It would be easy to say that he had simply got himself into "a state of mind" and that it would do no good to reason with him. But what would be easy is not always sure to be what would be fair and right. Faith has sometimes had too great a fondness for "Easy Method With Doubters." This man says: "Most of the religious discussions that I hear or read seem to me to deal with mere side issues—why young men don't attend church—how to reach the masses—while I want to hear (and never do hear)—about the fundamental, elementary principles of religion. Is man immortal? Is there a God, and if so, why does He leave us in doubt? What is the Christian religion reduced to its simplest expression? I am sick of platitudes, evasions and glittering generalities. I want to be treated with sincerity. I want to hear the simple truth, not "as to a little child," but as to a grown man, who must reason as well as feel, a man who has sinned and suffered and now fain would find a safe anchorage for his soul in this sea of doubt and trouble."

The editorial article written in answer to this communication breathes the spirit of Him who went to His disciples in the storm with which they were battling on Galilee. It says very little about the troublesome questions the man has raised. It takes God and the soul for granted. It reduces religion to its simplest terms and lets it go at that for the present. Whether it has accomplished anything for the storm-tossed correspondent I do not know. But I do know some whom it has nelped and others whom it is likely to help. Men of whose spiritual vicissitudes I have some knowledge have spoken of it with gratitude.

The narrower method of sectarian, dogmatic insistence is perilous. The existence of a denomination may depend upon the observance of the seventh day of the week as the Sabbath. But it is a ruinous thing for a young person to get the idea that the existence of God is wrapped up in that dogma and that he might as well abandon the religious life altogether as to let that dogma go. It has been an element of denominational strength to have certain fixed ideas with reference to the proper mode and subjects of baptism. But it is a spiritual misfortune if a young Baptist has not a pastor wise enough to tell him, if he lets go this doctrine, that religious life is quite possible without it. It is possible to cherish and to insist on views of the Bible, the modification of which seems to some, when they find it necessary, to threaten the very foundations of their faith in God.

Religion is an affair of the soul and God. The Bible, the church, the creeds, the sacraments are designed to serve the soul and God in this high and holy relationship. God has a life in the souls of men which these means are meant to promote and never to hinder. They do not come between the soul and God. Some sweet old mystic has said: "The eye by which I see God is the same eye by which He sees me." And we may say, also: "The longing with which we long for God is the longing with which He longs for us. The love with which we love Him is from the fountain of His love for us." In a relationship which is the sharing, the identity of life, what room is there for intermediary means and ministeries? We have precious documents, precious doctrines, precious sacraments and ordinances. But it is not they that give life to the soul. They do minister richly to that life, but it is, as it were, from without that they minister. If the soul ever really knows God at all, it knows Him as it knows itself. The soul is sure of itself. By the same sort of certitude it is sure of God.

Don't get the idea that you can prove the existence of God. Some day you may fall in with a man who is a better reasoner who will take the other side. Then, if you really think you believe in God because you can prove that He exists, you may find your faith badly shaken. "Every one that loveth is begotten of God and knoweth God. He that loveth not, knoweth not God; for God is love." We know God with that immediate kind of knowledge with which we know the feelings of our own hearts. If it is possible for us to love, it is possible for us to know God and to know that we know Him. And John tells us that the proof there is a God and to be known and that we know Him, is the same kind of proof, the very same proof, that we must give, if we say that we love.

Luke tells us how Jesus sent out seventy of His disciples to do in all the towns of Galilee as they had seen Him do. They healed the sick. They preached the gospel of the kingdom. Men and devils gave heed to them. They returned to Him with great joy to tell Him all. As He listened to them, as He looked into their faces, He rejoiced. They had understood Him. It was then that He said: "I thank Thee, O Father, Lord of Heaven and Earth, that Thou didst hide these things from the wise and prudent and didst reveal them unto babes." He has succeeded. Plain men, seventy of them, had come to know God through Him.

To every minister of His, to every follower, Jesus is saying: "Enter into this supreme joy of thy Lord. This is the joy for you to seek; this is the success for which you should work and pray; that through you men may come to know God." It was for this very thing that He gave thanks the night before He died. To some He knew He had given eternal life. And what could He say in His thanksgiving that would be more pleasing to His Father than what He did say? "And this is life eternal, that they might know Thee, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom Thou hast sent."

As we begin our work, the words of the beautiful old prayer ring in my ears: "O God, from whom all holy desires, all good counsels and all just works do proceed—." We want our fellowship in service to be prompted and accompanied by holy desires, guided by good counsels and abounding in just works. The desire to know God is the holiest of all desires, the deepest fountain of good counsel, the most effective inspiration of just works. May it be the honest and the constant desire of our hearts!

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR NOVEMBER 27.

World's Temperance Lesson, Isa. xxviii., 1-13—Golden Text, Isa. xxviii., 7—Memory Verses, 3, 4—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—This prophecy, like nearly all of Isaiah's prophecies, was probably delivered in Jerusalem. But while spoken to the people of Judah it dealt largely with the neighboring kingdom of Israel and the calamities about to come upon that nation. The people had forgotten the claims of Jehovah and had forsaken His worship. The nation had plunged headlong into sin of every description and especially into the sin of intemperance, until the land was filled with drunkards.

Commentary.—I. The crown that fadeth (vs. 1-4). 1. "Woe." Grief, sorrow, misery, a heavy calamity, a curse. "To the crown of pride." By the crown of pride the prophet refers to Samaria, the beautiful capital of Israel. The city was situated on the top of a round hill and surrounded by a rich valley. "The drunkards of Ephraim." Ephraim, the leading tribe of the nation, had become debased in vice. They were a tribe of drunkards, and because of this the woe was upon them. "A fading flower." A very forcible figure. Their beauty and glory would fade as a flower. They did not have the riches and beauty that endure. "The fat valleys." The valleys around Samaria were very fertile and beautiful. "Overcome with wine." Wine causes men to fall an easy victim to temptation. Alcohol destroys the will power. The drunkard has a bad character and generally enters recklessly into the vilest sins. What is overcome? 1. Reason. Intemperance makes fools of men. 2. Conscience. The moral sense becomes deadened. 3. Physical powers. The drunkard indulges in that which entirely unfits him to meet the obligations that are resting upon him. He incapacitates himself for any position of trust. The penalty is lost manhood, social degradation, an impoverished and a desolate home and eternal banishment from God.

2. "The Lord hath a—strong one." This is a reference to the army of Assyrians, which was soon to come upon them like a devastating storm. The destruction would be complete, like a terrific hailstorm or a great flood. It is almost impossible for us to realize the devastation that would come as the half savage hodes swept over the country, ravaging villages and murdering women and children.

3. "Trodden under foot." Shalmaneser, with the Assyrian host, invaded, overcame and carried the people away, never to return. It is an unsolved problem to this day where the ten tribes are; whether they continue to exist or are entirely extinct. All of this was because of sin, and especially the sin of drunkenness.

4. "As the first ripe fig" (R. V.) As the first ripe fruit was eagerly seized by the fruit gatherer and hastily eaten, so Samaria would be a delicious morsel for the Assyrians. The image expresses in the strongest manner the great ease with which the invaders would take the city and the whole kingdom of Israel, and the eagerness with which they would seize and consume the prey. It is still true that trouble and sorrow like an invading army come upon and destroy those who might have been happy and prosperous but for strong drink.

II. The crown of glory (vs. 5, 6). 5. "Unto the residue." The prophet now turns from the ten tribes to the two tribes of Judah and Benjamin, the remnant of God's people, who were to continue a kingdom for more than 100 years after Israel was carried into captivity. Judah was to be favored and blessed. Under Hezekiah there was to be a revival of religion.

6. "A spirit of judgment." A clear perception of God's truth. A clear head is promised as well as glory and beauty. "Turn the battle to the gate." Who pursue the fleeing enemy even to the very gates of their own city. We have a spiritual warfare to wage (Eph. 6:12), and we are pledged to conquer the world for Christ. Beware lest we render ourselves unfit for military service by luxurious habits and sinful indulgences. The drunkards of Ephraim could do nothing to oppose the invaders of their country.

III. Evils of strong drink (vs. 7, 8). 7. "But these also have erred" (R. V.) "Jerusalem as well as Samaria has her inebriates and scenes of disgusting intoxication. Though her punishment is not as near as that of the northern kingdom, there are seen the marks of sure decline." Note the effects of strong drink portrayed in this verse: 1. Erring, wandering into forbidden ways and places. 2. Even the religious teachers led astray. 3. Wholly absorbed in appetite. 4. They cannot see things as they are, or judge correctly. 5. The whole life is perverted. God's ministers need a pure heart, a clean life and a clear vision.

8. "There is no place clean." The liquor business is a filthy business, and every one who is engaged in it or has anything to do with it is made filthy by it. It is the parent of uncleanness. The body, mind and soul of the one connected with it become polluted and corrupt.

IV. Precept upon precept (vs. 9-13). 9, 10. "Whom shall He teach," etc. Many regard these verses as the words used by the scoffers as they mocked the prophet. They treat God's method of dealing with them and warning them by His prophets with contempt and derision. What, say they, doth He treat us as mere infants just weaned? Doth He teach us like little children, constantly going over the same easy lessons? We must conceive verse 10 as spoken in mimicry with a mocking motion of the head, and in a childish, stammering tone.

11. "Nay" (R. V.) The prophet's reply begins with this verse. Isaiah attacks them with great force and severity, turning their own language, spoken in mockery, back upon themselves; yes, it shall be as you say, ye shall be taught by a strange tongue, and in a strange land, whither you will be carried into captivity. Then you will be forced to learn like children. 12. "This is the rest," etc. God had given them repeated and faithful warnings, pointing out to them the true rest and the way to obtain it, but they had closed their ears and "would not hear," and were going on in their fancied security to certain destruction. 13. "And fall backward," etc. They had had great light, and this made them great sinners, and they deserved a terrible punishment. We cannot violate God's law with impunity. Those who persist in their wickedness and spurn His offers of mercy will ultimately be cast from His presence.

Rabbits in Paris and London.

No less than 12,000,000 rabbits are consumed in Paris annually, while the city of London consumes half a million every week. The rabbits for the London market come from Australia.

THRILLING RESCUE AT SEA

The Schooner Islesboro After Losing Her Sails Drifts Three Days.

SAVED BY OCEAN LINER ATHOL

The Ship Ran Into a Hurricane and Became Water-Logged, Lost Her Sails and Her Only Life-Boat—Sighted One Ship That Failed to Answer Her Signals Before Signalling the Athol.

New York City.—Their vessel waterlogged and in a sinking condition, eight men who for three days had been without water, and whose only food consisted of a little canned corn beef, were brought to this port by the Oriental steamship Athol, which vessel had rescued them 280 miles off Sandy Hook. The vessel that was abandoned was the three-masted lumber laden schooner Islesboro, owned by Pendleton Brothers, of New York, and not insured.

"We sailed from Savannah," said Captain Turner, of the Islesboro, "and had splendid weather until the wind shifted from southeast to north, then northeast, and finally due east. In a jiffy a gale was blowing, which increased in fury each minute. By 5 o'clock in the evening the seas were running mountain high. All night long the gale, which by midnight was a hurricane, blew with ever increasing force. The following morning at 11 o'clock our forestaysail went overboard, three hours later the foresail was blown away, and in another hour the mainsail followed.

"That afternoon we started the pumps, and from 3 to 11 p. m. they sucked dry. Then we commenced to get water in, and in two hours we were waterlogged. Just before daylight our only lifeboat was washed away, and we were rolling in the trough of the sea. The 43,000 feet of lumber that we had on board began to wash away piece by piece.

"All this time the great seas were hurling with clock-like regularity over our decks, our water casks were hurled overboard; then the cabin and the forward house went, and when dawn came all our stores except a little corned beef was gone. Our situation then became so perilous and the vessel was in such a predicament that in order to save our lives the entire crew climbed on top of the after house, that being the only part of the Islesboro that was not awash at that time.

"When all the deckload had gone the schooner heeled over to the starboard, and we were in momentary peril of her turning turtle any minute, so fierce was the onslaught of wind and wave at that time. We improvised a flag of distress as soon as daylight came, the flag being made of an old flour sack, a piece of carpet and a tablecloth.

"About 6 a. m. we sighted a three-masted Nova Scotian schooner a mile to our starboard, and signaled her with the flag and also with a torch, and finally by building a fire on top the afterhouse. She paid not attention to our signals. The Nova Scotian had suffered, too, for I could see that she had lost her mizzen and foretopmasts, her main fore and staysails and apparently also her lifeboat.

"About 4 o'clock in the afternoon we made out the funnel of a west-bound liner that had proved to be the Athol. She was about ten miles away, and in less than five minutes after we began to signal her she changed her course and headed for us."

The Islesboro was built in 1882, and was always employed in the lumber trade.

CODY BANK ROBBER CAUGHT.

Posse Captures One of the Outlaws Who Killed Cashier Middaugh.

Cheyenne, Wyo. — A Thermopolis posse came upon one of the Cody bank robbers, who killed Cashier Middaugh, near the mouth of Owl Creek in the Bad Lands, six miles below Thermopolis, and captured the outlaw without firing a shot. On the bandit was found a quantity of the money taken from the bank, and jewelry and guns stolen in the raid on Edwards' gambling house at Thermopolis.

The desperado answers the description of the taller of the two bandits who robbed the Cody bank and who led the officers a merry chase for two weeks through the mountains.

Several citizens started from Cody to identify the prisoner, and there were threats of trouble, for the people of Cody were much stirred up over the killing of the bank cashier.

LIFEBOAT URAD'S LONG TRIP.

Reached St. John's From Norway After Voyage of 3 Months and 9 Days.

St. John's, N. F.—The lifeboat Urad, from Aalesund, Norway, which sailed August 7 bound for St. John's and New York City, and thence for St. Louis, Mo., with her designer, Captain Brude, and three others aboard, arrived in the harbor here. She was three months and nine days in crossing the Atlantic.

The boat was built to compete for the prize for the best lifeboat at the St. Louis Exposition. She met very stormy weather, but proved an excellent sea boat, although she lost her mainmast, sails and other gear. All aboard are well. The Urad will reprovision here and proceed to New York City.

The Markets

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.			
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3¼c. per quart.			
BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra	$ 25	@ $	25½
Firsts	22	@	24½
Seconds	18	@	21
State dairy tubs, firsts	20	@	22
Imitation creamery	15½	@	19
Factory, thirds to firsts	13	@	16½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	10½	@	10¾
Small	—	@	11¼
Part skims, good to prime	6¾	@	7½
Part skims, common	—	@	5½
Full skims	2½	@	3½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	35	@	38
State and Penn	35	@	38
Western—Choice	27	@	28
Southern—Choice	21	@	25
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice	2 82½	@	2 85
Medium, choice	1 90	@	1 95
Pea, choice	—	@	1 82½
Red kidney, choice	2 82½	@	2 85
White kidney	—	@	2 85
Yellow eye	2 55	@	2 60
Black turtle soup	—	@	3 10
Lima, Cal	3 10	@	3 15
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Baldwin, per bbl	1 50	@	2 00
King, per bbl	1 50	@	2 50
Twenty-Ounce, per bbl	1 50	@	2 50
Greening, per bbl	1 25	@	1 75
Pears, Seckel, per bbl	2 50	@	5 50
Cooking, per bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Bartlett, per bbl	2 50	@	4 00
Grapes, Concord, per car'r	60	@	75
Niagara, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
Delaware, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
Cranberries, C. Cod, per bbl	3 00	@	7 50
Jersey, per bbl	6 00	@	6 50
Quinces, per bbl	3 00	@	4 00
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb	—	@	12
Chickens, per lb	—	@	11
Roosters, per lb	—	@	8
Turkeys, per lb	—	@	15
Ducks, per pair	70	@	80
Geese, per pair	1 25	@	1 50
Pigeons, per pair	—	@	20
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	18	@	21
Broilers, Philadelphia	14	@	20
Fowls, Western, per lb	10	@	11½
Spring ducks, per lb	15	@	19
Spring geese, per lb	14	@	17
Squabs, per dozen	1 75	@	2 75
HOPS.			
State, 1904, choice, per lb	38	@	40
Good to prime, per lb	36	@	37
Common to fair	32	@	34
Pacific Coast, 1904, choice	36	@	37
Good to prime, per lb	33	@	35
Old odds	13	@	17
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay, prime, per 100 lb	82½	@	85
No. 1, per 100 lb	77½	@	80
No. 2, per 100 lb	70	@	72½
Clover mixed, per 100 lb	70	@	80
Straw, long rye	1 05	@	1 10
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Jersey, per bbl	1 30	@	1 60
L. I., per 180 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
Sweets, per bbl	1 50	@	2 75
Turnips, per bbl	50	@	90
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 50	@	3 00
Egg plant, per bbl	1 00	@	2 25
Squash, per bbl	40	@	75
Peas, per basket	2 50	@	3 00
Peppers, per bbl	50	@	1 25
Lettuce, per basket	50	@	75
Cabbages, per 100	2 00	@	3 00
Cucumbers, per basket	1 50	@	2 50
String beans, per basket	75	@	1 75
Lima beans, per bag	1 00	@	2 50
Onions, Conn., Yel., per bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Red, per bbl	1 50	@	2 00
Orange Co., per bag	1 25	@	3 00
Celery, per dozen bunches	10	@	35
Cauliflower, per bbl	75	@	2 75
Brussels sprouts, per qt	5	@	10
Spinach, per bbl	50	@	1 25
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	5 60	@	6 00
Spring patents	6 30	@	6 75
Wheat, No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	1 27¾
No. 2 red	1 21⅝	@	1 22⅛
Corn, No. 2 white	—	@	69½
Oats, mixed	34½	@	35½
Clipped, white	37	@	39½
Lard, city	7	@	7¼
GAME.			
English snipe, per doz	2 00	@	2 50
Plover, per doz	2 25	@	2 75
Woodcock, per pair	1 00	@	1 25
Grouse	1 75	@	2 50
Ducks, canvas, per pair	1 00	@	2 50
Red head, per pair	1 00	@	1 50
Mallard, per pair	75	@	1 00
Teal, blue wing	40	@	60
Green wing	35	@	50
Rabbits, per pair	25	@	35
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7	@	10
Calves, city dressed	7½	@	13
Country dressed	7	@	11
Sheep, per 100 lb	3 00	@	4 50
Lambs, per 100 lb	5 50	@	6 30
Hogs, live, per 100 lb	4 40	@	5 50
Country dressed, per lb	7	@	8

THE CORN REPORT.

Gains and Losses in the States—Estimates and Last Year's Production.

Chicago, Ill.—There can be no further dispute about the size of this year's corn crop. The Department of Agriculture has settled all doubts as to its size by departing from its usual course in November and making a flat estimate of 2,453,000,000 bushels. This is 209,000,000 bushels more than in 1903. In the seven surplus States there is a crop of 1,422,000,000 bushels, or 23,000,000 bushels less than the conditions indicated in October, there being always more or less changes in the difference in figuring from a straight conditional yield to the actual yield per acre.

Raw Silk Dutiable.

In a decision written by Judge Hazel, the United States Circuit Court reversed the Board of Appraisers and held that raw silk when wound on spools is dutiable under the Dingley tariff act, as "silk advanced in manufacture" with duty at the rate of forty cents per pound.

Light Speculation in Cotton.

Speculation in cotton has been of comparatively small volume, with the market irregular in general tone and fluctuations narrow, and, on the whole, unimportant.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

CASSVILLE.

Mrs. Philip Park, of Johnstown, is visiting her friends in Cassville.

Dr. Robert Hunter, of Saxton, is expected in Cassville this week to do some dentical work.

Mrs. Sarah Wilson and daughter, Miss Mary, have both been quite ill but are better at this writing.

Miss Esther Horton has been quite ill with nervous trouble but is much better and hopes soon to be well.

Miss Carrie Houck was home over Sabbath. She is so bright and cheerful that we miss her more than we can tell.

Mr. Stratford, of Mount Union, was in town last week placing in position the handsome monument of E. B. Hyssong.

Miss Lola Swope and Miss Chloe Wright were guests of Mrs. J. O. Heaton on Saturday. Both are talented young musicians and we predict a bright future for them.

LATTA GROVE.

Lary Bowman is hauling coal.

The weather still continues to be dry.

E. O. Stever was home over Sunday. He is now working in Altoona.

Mr. S. W. Dell and wife, of Lewistown, spent a few days of the past week with friends in the valley.

Last week there were thirty-four hogs killed in this part of the valley and more than that amount will be killed this week.

We were glad to take by the hand on election day our friend J. W. Brown, of California. Mr. Brown was born in Smith valley and while young, with his parents, moved to Trough Creek valley, later going to California where he now resides.

Argument Court.

At a special session of argument court held in Huntingdon, Thursday, November 10, 1904, the following cases were argued:

Charles L. Fitzhugh, executor and trustee, et al. vs. The Penna. Co. for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities. In equity.

Jacob Kline vs. Rachel Parson. Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense.

In the matter of the closing of the school in Henderson township, the case was argued before Judge Woods on Wednesday evening, but on account of the report not being presented in proper form, it was referred back to the inspector and has not since been disposed of.

Report of C. H. Whittaker, auditor appointed by the court to distribute the balance in the hands of E. S. McMurtrie, administrator of Daniel W. Womelsdorf, late of Smithfield township, deceased, as shown by his first and final account. Confirmed nisi.

Report of W. B. Simpson, auditor, to distribute balance in hands of Harrisburg Trust Company, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of John H. Grove, deceased, as shown by its third and partical account. Confirmed nisi.

M. L. Cutshall and A. T. Cutshall, executors of the estate of Morris Cutshall, late of Springfield township, deceased, ordered to sell the real estate of said decedent.

W. B. Simpson, Esq., guardian of Lena Africa, of Walker township, authorized to borrow money for the maintenance and education of said ward.

In re the estate of Newton Madden, deceased. Replication of Charles Brewster, committee of Laura Park, to answer of H. C. Madden, administrator of aforesaid estate, filed.

Jacob R. Hegie, guardian of Lewis F. Krugh minor child of Joseph Krugh, late of Shirley township, deceased, authorized to join in a deed conveying his ward's interest in certain real estate.

Frank Moore, guardian of Ethyl Moore and Walter Moore, minor children of Fisher Moore and Jennie Moore, deceased, authorized to join in a deed conveying said wards interest.

J. Quincy Dell appointed guardian of Edith Dell, minor child of Samuel Dell, late of Mapleton borough, deceased.

J. Quincy Dell appointed guardian of Albert Dell, minor child of George M. Dell, late of Union township, deceased.

J. Quincy Dell appointed guardian of Maud R. Bigley and Dora B. Bigley, minor children of Ella Dell Bigley, deceased.

J. Quincy Dell appointed guardian of Georgie Dell, minor child of George W. Dell, deceased.

J. Quincy Dell appointed guadian of Mary G. Dell and Sarah Dell, minor children of Henry S. Dell, late of Shirley township, deceased.

J. Quincy Dell appointed guardian of Anthony Dell, minor child of Henry S. Dell, late of Shirley township, deceased.

James McCall appointed guardian of Grace McCall, minor child of Alexander McCall, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.

George W. Bryan appointed guardian of Agnes Bryan, minor child of Farren Bryan, late of Altoona, deceased.

Petition of Lydia K. Cook for inquest to make partition of the real estate of James A. Cook late of Tod township, deceased. Inquest awarded.

It was at a prayer and conference meeting, and Deacon Smith had dozed off into a half-asleep and half-awake condition of extreme contentment, when Elder Jones, who was "leading the meeting," said:

"Deacon Smith, will you lead in prayer?"

Rubbing his eyes, Deacon Smith said: "'Taint my lead; I dealt!"—*Lippincotts.*

Deeds Entered for Record.

Samuel Wilson et al., executors, to T. H. Adams et al., property in Orbisonia. Consideration $400.

John J. Gance to Jennie McDonald, property in Mapleton. Consideration $5.

Julia H. Flenner to M. J. McEvoy, property in Alexandria. Consideration $900.

W. H. Reed to A. A. LaRue, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $1080.

H. V. Burkett and wife to Julia H. Flenner, property in Alexandria. Consideration $700.

W. R. Shultz and wife to O. J. Graffius, property in Spruce Creek township. Consideration $600.

A. G. Myton to Albert Myton. Deed of Assignment.

J. J. Beers et al. to M. B. Moore et al., property in Cromwell township. Consideration $1.00.

Elizabeth A. Taylor to Margaret Jones, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $450.

K. A. Lovell to Margaret Jones, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $300.

W. H. Trude, Master, to Rhoda Cummins et al., property in Jackson township. Consideration $4000.

John S. Miller and wife to G. K. Tiffany, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $600.

L. and S. Postlethwaite to C. B. Crum, property in Mount Union. Consideration $500.

P. J. Crum & Son to C. B. Crum, property in Mount Union. Consideration $100.

W. L. Bricker to Samuel H. Hawn, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $850.

U. G. Fetterhoof to F. F. Fetterhoof, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $1.00.

P. J. Crum et al. to George W. Hicks and wife, property in Orbisonia. Consideration $525.

John Myerley et ux. to Virginia Rodgers, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $1425.

C. H. Glazier, administrator, to L. A. Morningstar, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $230.

John M. Deeter and wife to Alex. Denny et al., property in Mapleton. Consideration $95.

W. H. Woods and wife to John M. Deeter, property in Mapleton. Consideration $1.00.

E. S. McMurtrie to Alex Denny, property in Henderson township. Consideration $1000.

John M. Maffet to John H. Young, property in Shirley township. Consideration $1450.

John N. Hatfield et al., executors, to Edward Hellyer, jr., property in Porter township. Consideration $4800.

C. H. Glazier, Administrator, to H. W. Nophsker, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $2090.

E. S. McMurtrie, executor, to Penna. R. R. Co., property in Huntingdon. Consideration $4.72.

R. N. McCarl to Frank O'Connor et al., property in Mapleton. Consideration $350.

Chas. A. Willoughby and wife to John Frew, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $1200.

Elizabeth Madden to Catharine W. Madden, property in Mount Union. Consideration $1.00.

John M. Starr and wife to L. E. Locke, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $2150.

James Vaughn et al. to George Vaughn, property in Tell township. Consideration $525.

James M. Shaver and wife to William Galbreath, property in Mt. Union. Consideration $150.

E. J. Smith to Charles E. Smith, property in Shirleysburg. Consideration $100.

R. Allison Miller and wife to Kate F. Blair, property in Henderson township. Consideration $1.00.

Mrs. Kate F. Blair to Huntingdon Park & Road association, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $1.00.

H. W. Nophsker to Mrs. Mary H. Ashman, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $2190.

Catharine Schofield to Mamie Gensimore, property in Birmingham borough. Consideration $225.

Rebecca Fleming to Thos. G. Crownover, property in Barree township. Consideration $50.

Lucy A. Silknitter to Thos. G. Crownover, property in Barree township. Consideration $550.

Maria Irvin, administratrix, to Thos. G. Crownover, property in Barree township. Consideration $125.

William Long and wife to Patrick Gerughty, property in Mount Union. Consideration $500.

Patrick Gerughty to Laura M. Long, property in Mount Union. Consideration $500.

W. O. Geissinger, sheriff, to Jacob Homman, property in Cromwell township. Consideration $1000.

Jacob Homman heirs to Margaret Prough, property in Cromwell township. Consideration $825.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning Nov. 27.

Topic.—How intemperance hinders missions.—Rom. xiv, 13-21.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

In this chapter Paul enjoins the weak and the strong to treat each other considerately. If the strong can do what the weak cannot the weak are not to set themselves up as judges over the strong, for God is our judge. On the other hand, because the strong can rightfully do what the weak cannot they are not to press their rights even to the point where their exercise is injurious to their weaker brethren. Especially is this true when only such an insignificant matter as meat is involved. They were to give up no principle, yet would it pay to sacrifice a soul in order to assert the right to eat all kinds of meat because all was of God? Christ died to save the souls of men. Will we destroy him with meat for whom Christ died? No true Christian could take such a position. For mere gratification we are not to endanger immortal souls.

This truth may be applied to intemperance and missions. Intemperance has always been a foe to religion, and wherever it has gone on mission fields it has been one of the greatest hinderers of missions. Nothing else could result, and therefore it seems incredible that the same nation sends both religion and rum to the heathen peoples of the world. But it is the old story of personal gratification, personal gain. Eliminate the large profit of the liquor business, and where could you find men to own and manage them? If the New York subway saloon should lead to such a result it would mean a great element of success in the warfare against the saloon. Men will do almost anything for money, and hence the same vessel carries the gospel and the grogshop to the same people. But should we for personal gain destroy him for whom Christ died? Infinitely rather let us be poor all the days of our lives than to barter in the traffic of human souls.

That intemperance hinders missions is a self evident fact. The people who receive both rum and religion from another nation lose confidence in the religion when they see the results of the rum. The missionaries are discouraged. Those who come under intemperance's blighting curse are unfitted to be affected by the power of the gospel. In these and other ways missions are hindered by intemperance. Christian nations should stop the liquor traffic with the peoples of our mission fields. It is a burning shame to any nation to permit alcoholic drinks to be sent to the nations of the world who are in religious darkness and to whom its Christian citizens are striving to send the gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ. No nation should tear down and attempt to build up at the same time. The mission fields are surrounded with enough problems. Let us as far as possible eliminate the intemperance one, so that Christ may be the more exalted and the gospel placed in a more favorable light before the unevangelized nations of the world.

BIBLE READINGS.

Ex. xx, 13; Lev. x, 8, 9; Num. vi, 1-14; Prov. xx, 1; xxiii, 29-32; Hab. ii, 1-15; Matt. xviii, 7; Luke i, 13-15; Gal. vi, 1-10; Rev. xxii, 17.

Marriage Licenses.

Frank D. Bard and Lulu M. Harris, both of Shirleysburg, Pa.

John R. Riling, Altoona, and Lena Westbrook, Huntingdon.

Henry H. Bell and Nellie Alice Norris, both of Saltillo, Pa.

John H. Mort and Emma Connor, both of Robertsdale, Pa.

Paul K. Best, Jeanette, and Elizabeth W. Meckbaugh, Huntingdon, Pa.

I. F. Neal and Nettie Brooks, both of Renova, Pa.

Franklin Jenkins and Sarah A. Steller, both of Rockhill.

Working Coats

Heavy Canvas, Rubber interlined brown or black $1.00 to $2 00.

Heavy double breasted Coats, gray or black, $3.00 to $6.00.

Gray Cheviot Working Coats, $2.00 to $2.50.

Reversible Coats, canvas one side, and corduroy other side, $4.00.

Cardigan Jackets $1.00 to $4.00. Sweaters 50 cents to $5.00.

Hugo Mayer,

Golden Eagle Clothing Hall, Cor. 4th and Penn Sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

AT

JNO. G. GILLAM'S

YOU WILL FIND A FULL LINE OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, UNDERWEAR, QUEENSWARE, FLOUR AND FEED, GROCERIES, SHOES AND RUBBER GOODS, HATS, CAPS, SHELF HARDWARE, ETC.

PRODUCE taken in exchange and all goods sold at the lowest cash prices. × × × ×

J. G. GILLAM, Mapleton, Pa.

B. O'CONNOR & SONS

TO TIE MAKERS

Altoona, Pa., Sept. 26, 1904.

Mr. E. E. Lippincott,
Supervisor.

Referring to the question of the number of cross ties and switch timber lying along our road or cut in the woods, we are authorized to take up, under the old specifications and at the old prices, all of the cross ties and a certain percentage of the switch ties that are made in regular sets.

I wish you would clearly have it understood with the tie makers that our reason for taking up ties at this time is not because they are needed, but we feel that they have been cut for our use and it is only equitable that we take them off their hands. It is not a guarantee that we will continue to take up ties, although it is entirely likely that some time next year the buying of ties will continue in the regular way.

You are, therefore, authorized to take up at once all ties piled along our right of way at the present time, and such ties as are cut in the woods, provided they are delivered along our property prior to December 1st; after that date no ties will be taken up except by special authority from this office. Switch ties can be taken up just as fast as your requirements demand.

[Signed] Geo. H. Brown,
Asst. Engineer.

Huntingdon, Sept. 28, 1904.

Messrs. B. O'Connor & Sons,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

Gentlemen:—

Please note the above for your information.

E. E. Lippincott,
Supervisor No. 7.

STANDING STONE NATIONAL BANK

OF HUNTINGDON, PA.,

No. 412 Penn St.

OFFICERS:

JOHN BREWSTER, President.
H. B. BRUMBAUGH, Vice President.
A. J. McCAHAN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

John Brewster, J. H. Brumbaugh, Geo. W. Sanderson, L. M. Hagerty, H. B. Brumbaugh, J. G. Gillam, H. B. Dunn and A. J. McCahan.

Discount Day—Wednesday.

We solicit your account and will give your business prompt, accurate and considerate attention.

Telephone No. 82. 5-28-02-yr.

THE "ITEM"

$1.00 per Year.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MOUNT UNION, PA.

Capital, $25,000. Surplus, $2,500.

Officers:

A. B. Gillam, President.
T. A. Appleby, Vice President.
G. B. M. Kepler, Cashier.

Directors:

A. B. Gillam, T. A. Appleby, C. B. Bush, M. D., Benj. O'Connor, Bruce Yocum, R. B. Campbell, W. G. Ewing, M. W. Isenberg, W. J. Campbell, M. D.

Household individual banks furnished on application.

A general banking business done.

Interest allowed on time deposits.

Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.

Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Nov. 23, 1904.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 29, 1904.

	D'ly. P.M.	D'ly. Night	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'lv. A. M	D'ly ex. S. P.M.
New York:						
W. 23d St. Sta.	7 55	12 10	. . .	. . .	8 55	. .
Desb's St. Sta.	8 00	12 15	. . .	. . .	9 00	. .
Cort'dtSt. Sta.	8 00	12 15	. . .	. . .	9 00	. .
Philadelphia	11 40	4 25	7 10	. . .	11 40	5 30
Washington	10 40	. . .	7 50	. . .	10 50	5 40
Baltimore	11 55	4 44	8 52	. . .	12 00	7 00

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Harrisburg	2 50	8 00	11 48	. .	3 10	5 00	10 35
Rockville	. . .	8 12	11 59	.	. .	5 13	10 46
Marysville	f3 04	8 17	12 03	. .	. .	5 18	10 49
Duncannon	f3 18	8 35	12 16	. .	3 35	5 36	11 03
Newport	f3 40	9 05	12 37	. .	3 55	6 06	11 25
Millerst'wn	. .	9 14	f12 45	. .	. .	6 17	f11 34
Thom's't'n	. .	9 25	f12 53	. .	. .	6 28	f11 42
Port Royal	f4 13	9 43	1 07	. .	f4 22	6 47	f11 57
Mifflin	4 18	9 48	1 11	. .	4 27	6 52	12 01
Lewist'n Jc.	4 40	10 14	1 30	. .	4 46	7 17	12 22
McVeytown	f5 02	10 39	1 48	. .	f5 04	7 42	. .
N. Hamilt'n	f5 21	11 01	f2 04	. .	. .	8 03	. .
Mt. Union	f5 27	11 07	2 08	. .	5 25	8 10	. .
Mapleton	f5 33	11 13	f2 14	. .	. .	8 17	. .
Huntingdon	5 50	11 32	2 29	. .	5 45	8 35	. .
Petersburg	f6 07	11 47	2 43	. .	. .	8 50	. .
Birm'gham	f6 35	12 13	3 07	. .	H6 20	9 14	. .
Tyrone	6 42	12 20	3 12	. .	6 26	9 21	. .
Bellwood	7 07	12 41	3 29	. .	6 47	9 38	. .
Altoona	7 30	1 00	3 45	. .	7 05	9 55	. .
Pittsburg	12 10	5 50	8 45	. .	10 50	1 50	. .
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.

"J" stops on signal to discharge passengers from Harrisburg and east and south of Harrisburg.

"H" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and receive passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Additional trains leave Harrisburg for Altoona and Pittsburg as follows: 1.35, 2.41, 11.45 a.m., 12.55, 2.53, 3.05, 7.20, 9.48, 11.05 and 11.50 p. m. daily.

	Week days. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. P.M.	D'ly. P.M.	D'ly P.M.
Pittsburg	. . .	3 00	3 00	8 00	. .	12 45	4 55
Altoona	5 00	6 25	7 05	11 43	1 50	5 55	9 05
Bellwood	f5 12	. .	7 20	m11 55	2 04	6 10	9 19
Tyrone	. . 5 24	6 47	7 38	12 06	2 20	6 27	9 33
Birm'gham	f5 28	. .	7 43	g12 10	2 25	6 32	p9 38
Petersburg	f5 46	. .	8 07	. .	2 48	f6 56	. .
Huntingdon	5 57	7 17	8 20	12 37	3 02	7 10	10 12
Mapleton	f6 11	. .	8 36	. .	3 19	7 24	. .
Mt. Union	f6 17	. .	8 42	m12 56	3 26	7 29	f10 32
N. Hamilton	f6 22	. .	8 46	. .	3 32	7 34	. .
McVeytown	6 40	. .	9 05	m1 16	3 53	f7 51	. .
Lewisi'n Jc.	7 00	f8 05	9 27	1 35	4 17	8 10	11 16
Mifflin	7 22	. .	9 48	m1 52	4 41	8 30	f11 37
Port Royal	7 27	. .	9 52	. .	4 46	8 34	. .
Thom's't'n	7 42	. .	10 08	. .	5 04	f8 48	. .
Millerstown	7 51	. .	10 18	. .	5 15	f8 57	. .
Newport	8 00	. .	10 28	L2 24	5 25	9 05	. .
Duncannon	8 27	. .	10 52	L2 44	5 55	f9 29	. .
Marysville	8 44	. .	11 07	. .	6 15	f9 43	. .
Rockville	8 48	. .	11 12	.	6 22	f9 48	. .
Harrisburg	9 00	9 30	11 25	3 10	6 35	10 00	1 00

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M,	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
Baltimore	. .	12 15	. .	6 00	9 45	2 20	. .
Washington	. .	1 20	. .	7 15	. .	3 30	. .
Philadelphia	11 48	12 17	*3 17	6 23	10 47	4 23	4 23
New York:							
Desb's St.	2 03	2 53	*5 53	9 30	3 53	7 13	7 13
Cort'dt St.	2 03	2 53	*5 53	9 30	3 53	7 13	7 13
W. 23d St.	2 15	3 00	*6 00	9 40	. .	7 15	7 15
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.

Additional trains leave Pittsburg for Altoona, Harrisburg, and Philadelphia as follows: 3.35, 7.15 and 7.30 a. m., 12.01, 4.50, 7.10, 9.00 and 10 00 p. m. daily.

*Week days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops only on signal, or notice to agent or conductor, to receive or discharge passengers.

"G" Passenger section will stop on signal to discharge or receive passengers Sunday only.

"m" passenger section will stop on signal to discharge or receive passengers.

"p" stops to discharge passengers from East Liberty, Pittsburg and beyond.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction—For Sunbury 7.30 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. week days.

For McClure 7.30 a. m., 3.00 p. m week days.

For Milroy 7.40 a. m., 1.50 and 4 50 p. m. week days.

For Reedsville 6.05, 7.40 a. m., 1.50, and 4.50 p. m. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 a. m. and 5.55 p. m. week days. Bedford only 8.35 a. m. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield, Curwensville and Grampain, 8.00 a. m., 3 55 and 6.50 p. m. week days, and 8.00 a m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 a. m., 12.25 and 7.00 p. m. week days. 8.10 a. m. Sundays.

For Scotia 7.50 a. m. and 2.50 p. m. week days.

PENNSYLVANIA AND NORTHWESTERN R. R.

Trains leave Bellwood for Punxsutawney 8.00 a. m. and 3.34 p. m. week days, arrive at Bellwood at 11.12 a. m. and 5.44 p m. week days.

For rates, maps and detailed information, call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, 360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, June 29, 1903, trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTH Expr's A M	SOUTH Mail P M	STATIONS	NORTH Mail A M	NORTH F.Line P M
8 35	5 56	Huntingdon	11 10	5 15
8 45	6 05	McConnellstown	11 00	5 05
8 50	6 09	Grafton	10 56	5 00
8 55	6 14	Brumbaugh	10 51	4 55
8 59	6 18	Marklesburg	10 47	4 51
9 06	6 25	Entrikin	10 40	4 44
9 11	6 30	Beaver	10 35	4 39
9 16	6 35	Cove	10 30	4 34
9 27	6 46	Saxton	10 20	4 23
9 31	6 50	Clark	10 15	4 18
9 39	6 58	Riddlesburg	10 08	4 11
9 44	7 02	Hopewell	10 04	4 07
9 56	7 10	Cypher	9 56	3 59
10 07	7 19	Tatesville	9 46	3 50
10 17	7 27	Everett	9 38	3 43
10 20	7 30	Mt. Dallas	9 35	3 40
10 43	7 50	Bedford	9 15	3 20
11 35	8 35	Hyndman	8 28	2 30
12 05	9 05	Cumberland	8 00	2 00

Sunday train leaves Huntiugdon at 8.35 a. m and returning 5.30 p. m.

SHOUP'S BRANCH.

SOUTH Expr's A M	STATIONS	NORTH Expr's P M
9 35	Saxton	4 00
9 50	Coalmont	3 45
	Crawford	
10 05	Dudley	3 30

CARL M. GAGE, General Manager.

Are You Thinking

Of getting married? If you are buy your wedding ring at Zerby's Jewelry Store, 516 Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.

Stage - Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville - and - Mapleton.

The undersigned having purchased the outfit of J. F. Park, will run his hack between Cassville and Mapleton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays leaving Cassville at 7.00 o'clock A. M., and leaving Mapleton at one P. M. unless notified to wait for afternoon trains. The patronage of the public solicited.

I. W. BUMGARDNER.

A Runaway Bicycle.

Terminated with an ugly cut on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. It developed a stubborn ulcer unyielding to doctors and remedies for four years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured. It's just as good for Burns, Scalds, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cents at Wright & Dell's store.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A. W. SWOPE

—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.

Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

S. P. STUBBS,

—CARPET WEAVER.—

and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,

'Phone 102, Akers Building

503 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection 8-1-00-tf

Central Banking Co.

MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President

W. T. BELL, Cashier

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

UNION NATIONAL BANK

OF HUNTINGDON.

Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.

E. M. GREENE, Vice President.

R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J. Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and A. W. Swope.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS

Price 50c. & $1.00 Free. Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in Effect June 27, 1904

SOUTHWARD	No. 2 a.m.	No. 4 p.m.	No. 6 a.m.	No. 8 a.m.
Mount Union . . . LEAVE	9 05	3 50	11 15	. .
Augh. Mills	9 22	4 08	11 32	. .
Shirley	9 35	4 20	11 45	. .
Orbisonia	9 50	4 35	12 00	. .
	10 00	4 45	1 40	5 30
Pogue	10 12	4 57	1 57	5 40
Three Springs	10 23	5 12	2 10	5 50
Saltillo	10 30	5 25	2 20	5 58
Cole's	11 03	5 58	2 50	6 30
Rocky Ridge	11 08	6 03	2 55	6 35
Cook's	11 18	6 13	3 05	6 45
Robertsdale	11 30	6 25	3 15	6 55
Woodvale . . . ARRIVE		. .	. .	7.00
	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

NORTHWARD	No. 1 A.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 7 P.M.
Woodvale . . . . LEAVE	. .	. .	. .	4 25
Robertsdale	6 05	12 45	8 20	4 30
Cook's	6 15	12 55	8 30	4 40
Rocky Ridge	6 25	1 03	8 38	4 48
Cole's	6 30	1 09	8 43	4 55
Saltillo	7 00	1 38	9 12	5 25
Three Springs	7 08	1 45	9 20	5 32
Pogue	7 20	1 57	†9 32	5 42
Orbisonia	7 35	2 15	9 50	5 55
	7 45	2 20	10 00	. .
Shirley	8 00	2 35	10 15	. .
Augh. Mills	8 10	2 45	†10 25	. .
Mount Union . ARRIVE	8 30	3 05	10 45	. .
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

SOUTHWARD No. 12 p.m.	No. 10 a.m.	STATIONS	NORTHWARD No. 9 a.m.	No. 11 p.m
4 50	8 45	Lv . . Orbisonia . .	Ar 9 45	5 45
4 58	8 52	. *Blacklog .	9 38	5 38
5 06	9 00	. *Cedar Rock .	9 30	5 30
5 09	9 03	. *Locke Valley.	9 27	5 27
5 15	9 10	Ar . Shade Gap .	Lv 9 20	5 20
p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m

All trains run daily except Sunday.

The Company reserves the right to vary from the above Time-Table without notice.

Standard Time—75th Meridian, or Eastern time.

† Trains will not stop.

R. S. SEIBERT, General Manager

Trough Creek Heard From.

Some time ago the appointments on the Cassville charge joined in presenting the pastor, Hugh Strain, with one hundred dollars to aid him in purchasing a much needed horse. The Trough Creek appointment was not ready as soon as the others to make a report, but they have since presented the pastor with $13.64 to be used for the aboved named purpose. The pastor feels grateful, also, to his Trough Creek friends.

Doesn't Respect Old Age.

It's shameful when youth fails to show proper respect for old age, but just the contrary in the case of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They cut off maladies no matter how severe and irrespective of old age. Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Fever and Constipation all yield to this perfect Pill 25 cents at Wright & Dell's store.

MARRIED.

ROBLEY—JOLLIFFE—In Huntingdon, November 18, 1904, by Rev. M. L. Smith, E. Cloyd Robley and Miss Nellie J. Jolliffe, both of Huntingdon.

FISHER—BRYAN—November 6, 1904, by the Rev. C. L. Benscoter, Calvin S. Fisher and Miss Agnes Bryan, both of Huntingdon.

GEISER—SOUDER—November 8, 1904, by the Rev. S. D. Wilson, in Huntingdon, Walter W. Geiser and Miss Florence E. Souder, both of Altoona.

HENRY—MILLER—November 8, 1904, by the Rev. H. H. Crotsley, Mordecai L. Henry, of Cottage, and Miss Anna B. Miller, of Petersburg.

WANTED—Quickly, few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. $18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclosed self-addressed envelope. Address, SUPERINTENDENT TRAVELERS, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the Act of the 14th day of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be confirmed nisi Dec. 14, 1904, and if no exceptions be filed thereto the same will confirmed absolutely February 8, 1905.

1. FAGAN. Inventory of the personal property of William G. Fagan, late of Jackson township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Margaret Fagan.
2. MILLER. Inventory of the personal property and real estate of George P. Miller, late of Shirley township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Margaret C Miller.
3. WOODING. Inventory of the real estate of William D. Wooding, late of Huntingdon borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Sadie T. Wooding.

Clerk's Office, Nov, 15, 1904. } E. E. ENYEART, Clerk Orphans' Court.

REGISTER'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be confirmed nisi December 14, 1904, and absolutely December 20, 1904.

1. LAIRD. First and final account of Clara C. Laird and Samuel P. Smith, administrators of Howard Laird, late of Petersburg borough, deceased.
2. THOMAS. First and final account of George Shope, administrator of the estate of Warner Thomas, late of Saltillo borough, deceased.
3. HENRY. Account of J. Thompson Henry, administrator of estate of Joseph W. Henry, late of West township, deceased,
4. MYERS. First and final account of Horace C. Myers and Clarence Myers, administrators of Henry W. Myers, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased, with distribution annexed
5. STUMBAUGH. First and final account of C. K. Horton, administrator of David Stumbaugh, late of Tod township, deceased.
6. LETTERMAN. First and final account of W. B. Simpson, guardian of Fred. A. Letterman, of the borough of Huntingdon, Pa.
7. MILLER. First and final account of Samuel Wilson and Maud A. Postlethwaite (now Maud A. Wolford), executors of Alice C. Miller, late of Orbisonia borough, deceased.
8. POSTEN. First and final account of H. H. Swope, executor of Peter L. Posten, deceased.
9. EWING. First and final account of Mary Ewing, administrator of Mary Ann Ewing, late of Barree township, deceased with distribution annexed.
10. READ. Fourth account of J. R. Simpson, executor of John Reed, late of Huntingdon borough, deceased.
11. TRIMBLE. Account of W. M. Henderson, administrator c. t. a. of Alexander Trimble, late of Oneida township, deceased.
12. FARRELL. First and final account of William R. Wilson, administrator of Ellen Farrell, late of Huntingdon borough, deceased,
13. HAMMON. First and partial account of Rebecca Hammon, Benjamin Hammon and John Hammon, administrators of Jacob Hammon, late of Cromwell township, deceased, as filed by John Hammon, one of the administrators.

Register's Office, Nov. 15, 1904. } E. E. ENYEART, Register.

LADDERS!

We have just received a large stock of ladders, including **Step Ladders, Straight and Extension Ladders.** These ladders are of well seasoned wood, light yet **strong and durable.**

We are the only store in town making **Boots and Shoes a specialty.** Latest styles, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50. We handle the famous **DAYTON** shoes.

Groceries, fruits, nuts, confections, soft drinks, etc., etc.

DIAMOND SHOE STORE

And Green Grocery,

R. N. McCaul, - Proprietor.

William Reed & Sons

The Oriental Rugs

ARE HERE FOR THE OPENING THIS WEEK.

About a hundred and fifty of them and every one a beauty. We want every one, whether interested or not, to see the display. These Rugs are works of Oriental art. Every one is hand made and carries with it a guarantee as to its kind and genuineness. Do not feel that we expect you to buy a rug, but we do want you to see them. All this week,

The Christmas Opening

Will be held on Saturday afternoon and evening, December 3rd. This opening will be full of surprises all over the store. The new things for the holiday season are more atsractive than anything we've ever had before and they will be arranged to better advantage and in a more attractive manner. Toyland will be better than ever, as we are past the experimental stage. Next week we will tell you more about the opening.

The Regular Fall Business

Is being pushed with more than usual vigor. The stocks are full and new things are coming in all the time. Extra salespeople will nelp us out as they are needed. You will find every department well prepared to meet your needs.

New Coats and Furs

Are coming in almost daily, the latest things which have been produced by the best makers in the land. This season has demonstrated more than ever how closely this store forecasts the demands that will be made on its cloak department. You can buy your fur here with confidence that it will be right in style and price.

KNITTED SWEATERS will keep you warm and look well, $1.50 to $5 each.

GLOVES of every description can be had in our immense glove stock. All prices. Our 29c Tans are the equal of many that are sold at 50c.

Don't lie awake nights with cold. See our stock of comfortables and blanokets. We want this store to be best in every sense, but the people must help to d it. Use Standard Patterns. None over 15c.

Wm. Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

G. W. Wright. L. M. Dell.

Wright & Dell.

While we do not change our advertisement nor quote prices each week, yet we are changing goods with the seasons, always keeping in line both in goods and prices as our constantly increasing trade will attest.

Our customers find that they can get what they want right here, and they find that our goods are right and our prices are right.

We thank you for your patronage and solicit a continuance of the same.

Very respectfully,

WRIGHT & DELL,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

August 10, 1903.

FOR WEDDINGS!

JEWELRY and SILVERWARE

of the Most Reliable Makes

Diamonds, Watches, Rings, Chains, Etc.

Tea Sets. Waiters. Toilet-Ware, Etc.

A full line of "1847 Rogers Bros." SPOONS, FORKS, Etc.

FINE WATCH AND CLOCK REPAIRING

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

ZERBY'S Jewelry Store,

Huntingdon, Penna.

BE WISE AND ADVERTISE—IN THE ITEM.

Do Not Walk

When you can buy a Beautiful buggy at $45.00 worth $65.00.

Hand made Buggies, 18 spokes in wheels, at $67.50; regular price $85.00.

Three-seated hand made Spring Wagons, with top and brake, at $85.00; regular price $110.

I have contracted for 200 tons of Phosphate for fall, which I will sell so low as to leave competition out of the question.

A big stock of Bran, Chop, Corn, Salt, etc., in my warerooms all the time at lowest prices.

I have anything you need to eat, wear, feed or use and can save you 15 to 40 per cent.

Clay Park,

Three Springs, Pa.

FISHER'S Mother's Bread

Only the best flour and materials are used, and it is

Absolutely Pure,

mixed (like all other bread) by the latest improved mixing machines, which guarantee perfect cleanliness, and baked by only skillful bakers in our modern bake shop. If you have not tried it, ask your grocer or stop our wagons which are on the streets all day.

We will also bake our usual line of Bread and Rolls which it has always been our aim to have pure, clean and wholesome.

As to cakes, would say they are made by skilled bakers, and only fresh country butter and eggs are used.

Ask for and eat Fisher's Mother's Bread.

Fisher's
Penn Street Bakery,
Huntingdon, Pa.

Advertise your business in the ITEM

Her View.

The young man was interviewing the stern parent of the only girl in the world.

"Of course, sir," he said, "my salary is not colossal, but I can give her all the necessities of life and some of the luxuries."

"My dear Mr. Softly," replied the S. P., "you have scarcely improved your time in her society if you do not know that she considers all the luxuries of life far more necessary than the necessities."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

"Art Thou Weary?"

The organist of a church in Birmingham, England, suddenly ceased fingering the keys, and the organ came to an abrupt stop. Then he dashed out of the choir to punch the organ blower, who had fallen asleep. Then choir and congregation went on with the well known hymn, "Art Thou Weary, Art Thou Languid?"

The Hungarian Government has bought 300 motor cars for use, whenever called for, on the railway lines in addition to the regular trains.

"WHACKS"

And What They Mean.

When Old Mother Nature gives you a "whack" remember "there's a reason" so try and say "thank you" then set about finding what you have done to demand the rebuke, and try and get back into line, for that's the happy place after all.

Curious how many highly organized people fail to appreciate and heed the first little, gentle "whacks" of the good old Dame, but go right along with the habit whatever it may be, that causes her disapproval. Whiskey, Tobacco, Coffee, Tea or other unnatural treatment of the body, until serious illness sets in or some chronic disease.

Some people seem to get on very well with those things for awhile, and Mother Nature apparently cares but little what they do.

Perhaps she has no particular plans for them and thinks it little use to waste time in their training.

There are people, however, who seem to be selected by Nature to "do things." The Old Mother expects them to carry out some department of her great work. A portion of these selected ones oft and again seek to stimulate and then deaden the tool (the body) by some one or more of the drugs—Whiskey, Tobacco, Coffee, Tea, Morphine, etc.

You know all of these throw down the same class of alkaloids in Chemical analysis. They stimulate and then depress. They take from man or woman the power to do his or her best work.

After these people have drugged for a time, they get a hint, or mild "whack" to remind them that they have work to do, a mission to perform, and should be about the business, but are loafing along the wayside and become unfitted for the fame and fortune that waits for them if they but stick to the course and keep the body clear of obstructions so it can carry out the behests of the mind.

Sickness is a call to "come up higher." These hints come in various forms. It may be stomach trouble or bowels, heart, eyes, kidneys or general nervous prostration. You may depend upon it when a "whack" comes it's a warning to quit some abuse and do the right and fair thing with the body.

Perhaps it is Coffee drinking that offends. That is one of the greatest causes of human disorder among Americans.

Now then if Mother Nature is gentle with you and only gives light, little "whacks" at first to attract attention, don't abuse her consideration, or she will soon hit you harder, sure.

And you may also be sure she will hit you very, very hard if you insist on following the way you have been going.

It seems hard work to give up a habit, and we try all sorts of plans to charge our ill feelings to some other cause than the real one.

Coffee drinkers when ill will attribute the trouble to bad food, malaria, overwork and what not, but they keep on being sick and gradually getting worse until they are finally forced to quit entirely, even the "only one cup a day." Then they begin to get better, and unless they have gone long enough to set up some fixed organic disease, they generally get entirely well.

It is easy to quit coffee at once and for all, by having well made Postum, with its rich, deep, seal brown color which comes to the beautiful golden brown when good cream is added, and the crisp snap of good, mild Java is there if the Postum has been boiled long enough to bring it out.

It pays to be well and happy for good old Mother Nature then sends us her blessings of many and various kinds and helps us to gain fame and fortune.

Strip off the handicaps, leave out the deadening habits, heed Mother Nature's hints, quit being a loser and become a winner. She will help you sure if you cut out the things that keep you back.

"There's a reason" and a profound one.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

BIG ABATTOIR FIRE SWEPT

Jersey City Stock Yards Destroyed by Conflagration.

HUNDREDS OF ANIMALS ROASTED

Squeals of Hogs, the Bleating of Sheep and the Lowing of Cattle Heard For Blocks as the Flames Ate Their Way Into the Pens—Three Fire Alarms Were Necessary—P. R. R. Tugs Aid Firemen

Jersey City, N. J.—Destroying four large wooden buildings in which were penned live hogs and sheep, a fire in the Jersey City stock yards early in the morning caused a loss of $200,000.

As the fire lighted up the sky, the grunts and squeals of 500 hogs, 300 sheep and fifty calves, which were roasted alive, penetrated the air. At the height of the fire a spectacular incident occurred when two huge smoke stacks toppled over.

The fire raged from 3 until 9 o'clock, and ate its way over a space 800 by 200 feet. The flames were checked when they reached the large pens, where most of the cattle were kept.

The stock yards, which are situated at the foot of Sixth street, below Henderson street, extend along the Hudson River for half a mile. All the buildings were of wood, and not more than two stories in height.

Shortly after 3 o'clock a watchman sniffed burning straw, and soon discovered a blaze in the fat rendering establishment. This grew in fierceness so quickly that a third alarm was necessary. When the firemen arrived they found difficulty in gaining access to the yards, and six tugs from the various railroads beat them in getting streams to play on the blaze. Soon the fire, fanned by a north wind, spread to the hog abattoir, then to the sheep abattoir, and next to the engine and boiler rooms.

It raged so fiercely that the Fire Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad was called.

The headway which the fire gained, the firemen say, was due to low tide. Mud clogged the fire plugs and reduced the water pressure.

In addition to the live stock burned, there were in the various abattoirs more than 3000 dressed carcasses which the flames consumed.

By the destruction of the engine building the power for the refrigerating plant, the electric dynamos, and for heating the various buildings was cut off. Consequently the 1000 head of dressed beef in the abattoir near the river must be disposed of at once. The entire work of the yards will be stopped for a number of months.

The firemen did not gain control of the fire until near 9 o'clock. By that hour the damage done amounted to at least $200,000, part of which is covered by insurance.

This fire is the first since the entire yards were swept away in 1891.

BRAZILIAN REVOLT CRUSHED.

Military Cadets Fought Battle With Troops—Many Persons Killed.

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—The students of the Military School revolted and deposed the Commandant, General Costallent. This was followed by secret meetings held at the Military Club, at which Generals Olympio, Silveria and Travassos were present. General Travassos was appointed to succeed General Costallent.

All the students at about 8 p. m., under the command of General Travassos, marched upon the town, but were met by a detachment of soldiers and military police.

A serious encounter followed, in which General Travassos was wounded. His Adjutant was killed.

The revolutionary movement has now been crushed and order has been restored.

PORTUGAL'S KING IN ENGLAND.

He and Queen Amelia Visiting the British Monarchs at Windsor.

Portsmouth, Eng. The King and Queen of Portugal reached Portsmouth and subsequently proceeded to Windsor to return the visit which King Edward paid to them at Lisbon last year. Over thirty warships, elaborately dressed with bunting, had assembled here in their honor.

The Prince of Wales welcomed King Charles and Queen Amelia to England.

Windsor.—The King and Queen of Portugal were cordially welcomed at the railroad station here by King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

They drove to the Castle through cheering crowds and gayly decked streets.

SMALLPOX AMONG STUDENTS.

Seven Cases Have Been Discovered in the University of Michigan.

Ann Arbor, Mich.—Seven cases of smallpox have been discovered among the students at the University of Michigan. Six are in the engineering and one is in the law department.

Health Officer T. B. Cooley reported that none of the patients was dangerously ill. The gymnasium was closed, but classes have not been interrupted. All the students are being vaccinated and examined for symptoms.

"Nan" Patterson's Trial.

Two skeletons and the hansom cab in which Caesar Young was shot will be put in evidence at Nan Patterson's trial for murder, in New York City.

MURDERED ON A TRAIN

Body of Walter Subers, of Doylestown, Pa., Found in R. R. Car

With Two Bullet Holes the Young Man Was Discovered Lying on Two Upturned Seats of a Coach.

Philadelphia, Pa.—With every appearance of having been murdered by thieves who robbed him, Walter Subers, twenty-three years old, was found with a bullet hole in his left temple and a wounded right hand on the backs of two upturned seats in a Philadelphia and Reading car at Doylestown, near this city.

His pockets had been rifled. A watch and gold pin which he usually wore were missing.

About the car were evidences of a scuffle. It is probable that the young man was surprised while asleep on the improvised couch, and that he made a desperate resistance to the robbers.

A bullet from a revolver was found imbedded in the woodwork of the car above where the body was found, and the weapon was picked up under a seat about three yards distant.

There were several men about the Doylestown station from the time of the arrival of the last train from Philadelphia at 1.09 o'clock in the morning and the departure of the first train at 6.54, but none of them heard the report of the pistol shots.

District Attorney Joseph W. Shelly began conducting an investigation with the assistance of Deputy Coroner Lewis H. Clemens, who was the first of the Bucks County authorities on the scene. The detective staff of the railroad company also began working on the case.

Subers is the son of William Subers of Doylestown, and is well known there. The dead man bore an excellent reputation and was not known to have any enemies.

DIVISION CHIEF KILLS HIMSELF.

Albert Relyea Sends Bullet Into Head Sitting at His Desk.

Washington, D. C.—Despondent, it is believed, on account of ill health, Albert Relyea, a division chief in the office of the United States Treasurer, killed himself by sending a pistol bullet into his head when sitting at his desk. He fell forward with arms extended and was found in an unconscious position by fellow employes who rushed in on hearing the shot. Blood from a big wound in the head streamed over the documents on which he had been working a few seconds before. The revolver with which the man blew out his brains still lay in his relaxed grasp.

An ambulance was called and in it the insensible chief was hurried to the Emergency Hospital. There four surgeons worked over him for more than an hour, but they could not recall him to consciousness and he died in less than two hours after being taken into the institution. It was found the ball had traversed the brain and torn two holes in the skull.

Mr. Relyea was Chief of the Redemption Division. He came hither from Connecticut. In consequence of an attack of illness his health had failed steadily of late. He was fifty years old.

Information of his suicide was wired to his friends in New England.

STORM EXPLODED DYNAMITE.

Gale Blew Up Sunken Steamer's 300-Ton Cargo.

Provincetown, Mass. — The other night during the height of a storm which swept this coast there was heard at various points on Cape Cod a noise which some of the surfmen thought was thunder and others took for an earthquake. The next day, however, wreckage began to come ashore at a point abreast of the sunken steamer Longfellow, and the mystery is probably explained.

The Longfellow, with 300 tons of dynamite on board, was sunk about a month ago off Cesked Hill bars in thirty fathoms of water, and it is now believed that her cargo was exploded by the impact of the waves.

JAPAN'S LOAN A SUCCESS.

Bonds Offered in London Subscribed For Twelve Times Over.

London, Eng.—The subscription for the British share (£6,000,000) of the new Japanese loan already amount to twelve times the amount asked for.

President Meets Fushimi.

Cordial addresses were exchanged by President Roosevelt and Prince Fushimi, of Japan, a guest of the nation, when the Prince visited the White House.

Jesse Lewisohn Beaten.

A decision was rendered against Jesse Lewisohn in the Canfield gambling case by the Supreme Court, which will force Lewisohn to testify against Canfield.

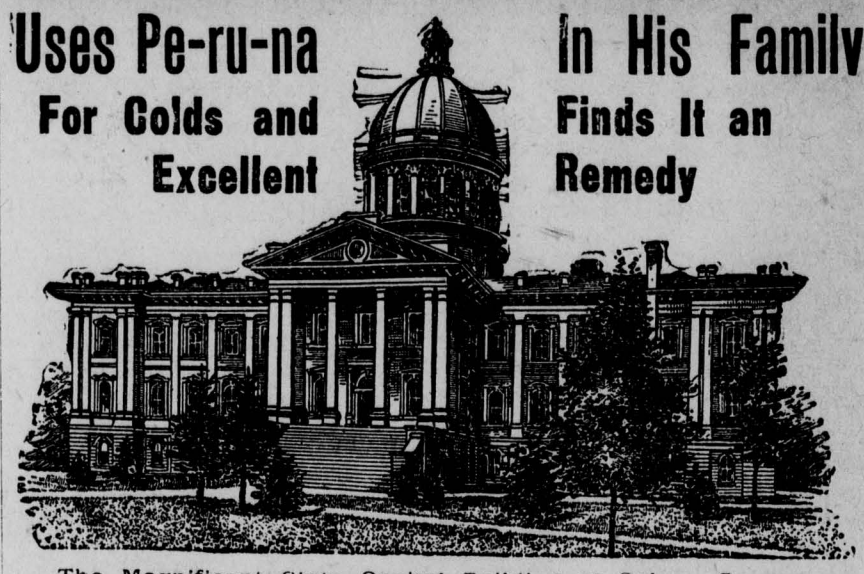
Farewell to Commander Booth-Tucker.

More than 3000 persons said farewell to Commander Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation Army, at the Grand Central Palace, in New York City.

Lieut. C. E. D. Lord Dismissed.

Lieut. Charles E. D. Lord has been dismissed from the Marine Hospital Corps because a Mrs. Fohs is suing him for $50,000 for breach of promise.

GOVERNOR OF OREGON Uses Pe-ru-na In His Family For Colds and Excellent Finds It an Remedy



The Magnificent State Capitol Building at Salem, Oregon.

PRAISE FROM THE EX-GOVERNOR OF OREGON.

PERUNA is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation testifying to the merits of Peruna as a catarrh remedy are pouring in from every State of the Union.

Dr. Hartman is receiving hundreds of such letters daily. All classes write these letters, from the highest to the lowest.

The outdoor laborer, the indoor artisan, the clerk, the editor, the statesman, the preacher—all agree that Peruna is the catarrh remedy of the age.

The stage and rostrum, recognizing catarrh as their greatest enemy, are especially enthusiastic in their praise and testimony.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost omnipresent.

Peruna is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to cheat catarrh of its victims.

Peruna not only cures catarrh, but prevents it. Every household should be supplied with this great remedy for coughs, colds and so forth.

The ex-Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Peruna. He keeps it continually in the house.

In a letter to The Peruna Medicine Co. he says:

STATE OF OREGON,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Dear Sirs---I have had occasion to use your Peruna medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly,

W. M. Lord.

It will be noticed that the ex-Governor says he has not had occasion to use Peruna for other ailments. The reason for this is, most other ailments begin with a cold.

Using Peruna to promptly cure colds, he protects his family against other ailments.

This is exactly what every other family in the United States should do—keep Peruna in the house. Use it for coughs, colds, la grippe and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments in the house.

Such families should provide themselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled "Chronic Catarrh."

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

A Dog With "Convictions."

At the disruption of 1843 the bulk of the shepherds joined the Free Kirk. But one collie held by the Establishment principle and refused to "come out." Every Sabbath he went alone to the Established Church, where he had been wont to accompany his master. His master refused to coerce him. "Na, na," he said; "he's a wise dowg; I'll no meddle wi' his convictions." The collie's adherence to the Establishment had, however, a disastrous end. He was accustomed to lie on the pulpit stair during the sermon, no doubt better to hear the discourse. Below him were placed the long stovepipe hats of the elders. On one unfortunate day he fell asleep, rolled off his step and managed to get his head firmly fixed inside one of the hats. Bitterly mortified, the dog fled from the kirk, and ever afterward, as his master said, "had nae trokings wi' religion."—London Spectator.

Blue Beard's 500th Anniversary.

The five hundredth anniversary of the birth of "Blue Beard" took place on October 30. "Blue Beard" was a real man, and the so-called fairy story is true in all its essential details. "Blue Beard" was Baron Giles de Rais, an enormously rich Breton nobleman, who fought with distinction under the banner of Jeanne d'Arc and was Marshal of France at the age of twenty-five. After the war he plunged into the wildest dissipation. His great fortune was largely increased by the dower of his first wife, Catharine de Thouars. His favorite diversion was murdering babies and dabbling in their blood. The Church caused his arrest and trial. He was condemned and was hanged at Nantes, but was converted in prison, and his last words were to implore the forgiveness of those whose families he had decimated by murder.

Magnetic Sand.

In the district of Stavanger, in the southwestern part of Norway, there is a place called Jaederen, a flat strip of coast less than a mile long, which is notorious for shipwrecks. Now a Norwegian physicist has discovered that the sand of Jaederen is strongly magnetic owing to an admixture of magnetic iron ore. He found also that at a distance of three miles from the shore a ship's compass showed a deviation of a whole degree from its true position. The cause of the numerous shipwrecks, therefore, is obvious.

Just For a Moment.

In the early days in Iowa, writes a correspondent of The Companion, a village school was held in a room of a farmhouse. The farmer, Mr. Jennings, told the pupils that they must not molest his bees.

They were obedient children and respected the farmer's rights; moreover, since most of them went barefoot, they were not axious to stir up trouble in the hives.

One day a little girl went to Mr. Jennings and made this naive and sincere explanation: "Please, Mr. Jennings, my brother Willie stepped on a bee, but it was an accident and he got right off."

When Can Jackie Sleep?

Says Admiral Sir John Arbuthnot Fisher, First Sea Lord of the British Navy: "In our future sea fights, with destroyers hunting us by night and submarines dogging us by day, the two chief requisites will be endurance and nerves. A machine has no nerves and never gets tired. In the Nelsonic days they could go to sleep at nights. When the destroyers arrived we settled to go to sleep by day. Now the submarine has come, you can sleep neither by day nor night."

Finest Crown Jewels in the World.

The late King of Saxony left the richest collection of crown jewels in Europe. One glass case in the "green vaults" at Dresden contains assorted sets of the most costly gems. In one is nothing but sapphires, in another emeralds, in another rubies, in another diamonds, in another pearls. The largest rubies weigh forty-eight and fifty-nine carats. The rarest gem is a green diamond, weighing forty carats. There are two of Martin Luther's rings and one of Melanthon's.

Billiards $15

Burrowes Portable Combination Billiard and Pool Table for Home Playing, $15 and up. 5 to 8 feet long. Set up on any house table; set away on end behind a door. 16 best balls, 4 cues, 40 implements and book of rules for 26 games gratis. Source of daily enjoyment for entire family. Sent on trial. Write for Catalogue L and Colored Plates.

The E. T. Burrowes Co. 97 Free St. Portland, Me.

RUPTURE—Variococele and hydrocele cured without operation or detention from business. Delay is dangerous. Advice free. Write The Untermann Improved Truss Co., 193 Third Ave., N.Y. City

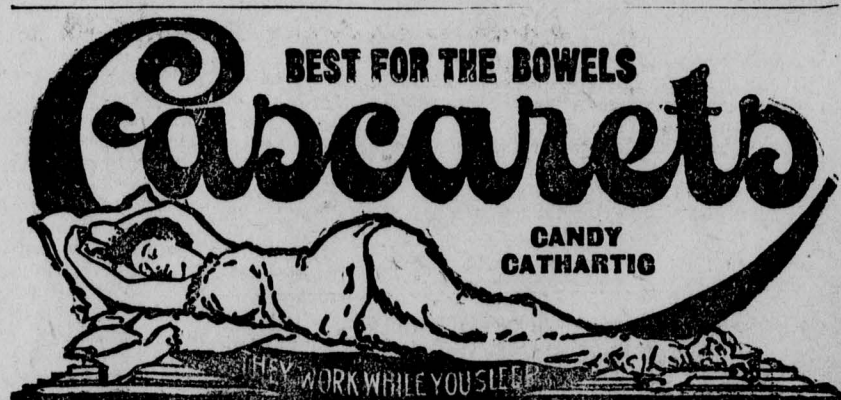
PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war 15 adjudicating claims, atty since

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

DESTROYER BLOWN UP

The Russian Torpedo Boat Rastoropny Sunk by Her Crew.

ENEMY'S WARSHIPS WERE NEAR

The War Vessel Having Put in at Chefoo From Port Arthur Was Ordered to Disarm After Twenty-four Hours, But Her Officers Obeying Supposed Sealed Orders Destroyed Her.

Chefoo.--The Russians blew up the torpedo boat destroyer Rastoropny, which had arrived from Port Arthur at 6.50 a. m.

Captain Ching, of the Chinese cruiser Hai-Yung, had notified Commander Pelem, of the Rastoropny, that twenty-four hours was the limit he could remain armed at Chefoo, after which the Rastoropny would be compelled to disarm. Commander Pelem told the Chinese authorities he would disarm his vessel.

Prior to the destruction of the destroyer the Taotai had officially notified the Japanese Consul that her disarmament had been completed, the breech blocks and ammunition having been removed and her machinery disabled.

It is learned authoritatively that the Rastoropny carried sealed orders providing that, unless there came a highly favorable opportunity to escape, the vessel should be blown up. Sufficient powder for this purpose was secreted before the destroyer left Port Arthur.

Small charges of ordinary powder, placed in each of the five water-tight compartments, were exploded. The Russians, with the exception of one man, left the destroyer during the afternoon. This last man lit fuses and blew up the vessel.

There were three dull explosions, which were scarcely audible 100 yards away. Almost immediately the Rastoropny sank and settled on the bottom. A single spar marks her grave.

The explosion was so subdued and the crew remained so silent that it was some time before the report of the affair became current. Even the officials most intimately concerned heard the news from the correspondents.

Customs Officer Koenig was on board the destroyer in the afternoon, and the Russians experienced considerable difficulty in getting him out of the way without arousing his suspicions. The destroyer's cutter, manned by two men, was lying near, and the official was persuaded to take a ride around the Rastoropny in order that he might see the injuries she was alleged to have received. No sooner had he stepped into the cutter than a petty officer drew his watch and urged the rowers to make all speed away. When the destroyer had gone down the official was taken ashore.

It is rumored that the Rastoropny brought a dispatch from General Stoessel asking the St. Petersburg authorities for instructions as to whether he should continue to hold out, awaiting relief, or make immediate arrangements with the Japanese for surrender upon the most advantageous terms possible.

Commander Pelem, of the Rastoropny, in an interview, admitted that the destroyer's voyage was in order to carry dispatches. The other Russian ships, he said, remained at Port Arthur. The Rastoropny, being one of the fastest of the Russian vessels, soon outdistanced her pursuers.

The other Russian officers all deny the report that the Bayan has been sunk, though they admit that a shell damaged her engines, which are being repaired. Russian cruisers come out of Port Arthur daily, the battleships remaining in the harbor.

When the correspondents were allowed on board the Rastoropny a quarter of beef was carefully placed where it was impossible to miss seeing it. This, it was thought, was in order to convey the impression that Port Arthur was well supplied.

WENT INSANE ON A TRAIN.

Supposed Albany Man Taken From a Car at South Omaha.

Omaha, Neb.—A man supposed to be J. J. Fitzgerald, of Albany, N. Y., became violently insane on a Union Pacific train just before arriving at South Omaha the other morning, and was removed from the train and sent to the police station in that city for medical treatment.

The man was fashionably dressed, and apparently a well-to-do and educated man. He was on his way from San Francisco to Albany. The physician who was summoned to treat him said that his mental trouble was of a temporary nature, and expressed the opinion that he would soon recover and be able to continue his journey.

PARKER IN NEW YORK CITY.

Ex-Judge Opens Independent Law Office With Sheehan & Collin.

New York City.—Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker opened a law office at 32 Nassau street in the suite occupied by the law firm of Sheehan & Collin, of which William F. Sheehan is a member.

Judge Parker said that he had not entered into any partnership, and that that he had become a resident of this city. Mrs. Parker, he said, would join him here, and they would at once secure a home.

KILLED IN TENEMENT FIRE

Holocaust in Brooklyn, N. Y., Wipes Out Two Families.

SUFFOCATION CAUSE OF DEATH

Closed Windows Make the Air Unbearable and Flames and Smoke Choke Their Victims—Many Reach Safety by the Fire Escapes—Delay in Sending in the Fire Alarm.

New York City.—Smothered before they could reach the rear fire escape in the frame tenement house at 186 Trautman street, in the Williamsburg district of Brooklyn, a dozen persons met death shortly before 2 o'clock in the morning. According to Coroner Flaherty and the ambulance surgeons, all the victims were suffocated, but the bodies were badly burned before they were taken from the ruins by the firemen.

The wiping out of two families was complete with the exception of one member in each.

The house at 186 Trautman street is in the centre of a row of three-story frame tenement houses, and for many blocks in every direction these wooden houses stretch on either side of the various streets. Only two of the houses, the one in which the fire broke out, and 184, next door, are occupied by Italians, the rest of the neighborhood being peopled by Germans. No. 186 contains the only store on the block, a grocery kept by A. C. Minaldi. All the persons killed and injured lived on the third floor above. The family of Minaldi and the persons living on the second floor got out in safety.

There are two theories as to the origin of the fire. One is that it started in the cellar of the grocery, where a lot of inflammable material was stored, including kerosene oil. The other is that it began in a woodshed in the rear of the grocery.

Once under way, the fire spread like lightning through the house until it entirely cut off the families on the two floors above the store, except by the rear fire escape, the only one on the building. Minaldi, who lived back of the store with his family, got them out after the smoke had awakened him, and those on the floor above climbed down the fire escape.

It was on the floor above that death reaped its harvest. All the bodies were found in the rear room. It was evident that a concerted rush had been made for the fire escape, as the floors below were a seething mass of flames, and flight in that direction was impossible. The windows of the room were tightly closed, however, all having perished even before one could be opened.

Precious moments were wasted in turning in the first alarm. There is a box in Central avenue, near Trautman street, a short block from the tenment, but the first alarm came in from the box at Hamburg avenue and Starr street, three blocks away. Engine 18, whose house is a block away, was the first to respond, but it went a block in the opposite direction before the error was discovered. A second and a third alarm were turned in, and the vicinity soon was choked with apparatus.

In all, the police say, there were about thirty-five persons living in the building, and as the ruins have been carefully searched, all but the fourteen accounted for evidently escaped. The police made little progress in their investigation of the fire. Policeman Low, the first to reach the blaze, got hold of Minaldi, the grocer. The grocer refused to say anything other than that he was awakened by smoke and had managed to drag out his wife and family.

It was said by neighbors that the families killed were clothing finishers. The houses at 184 and 186 Trautman street are owned by Mrs. Ossmann, of 18 Manhattan avenue, Brooklyn. The police estimated the total damage to everything at $10,000.

MURDERED BY TRAMPS.

Three Forced to Jump From Moving Freight After Robbery.

Elk River, Minn.—Heino Ludeen, of Moorhead, was murdered on a Northern Pacific freight train, about two miles west of this place, and H. H. Kenner, of Elberon, Iowa; A. M. Freeman, Rudolph Bjorquist and another companion from Moorhead, were compelled to jump from the moving train.

The men were beating their way to Minneapolis. They got on a freight train at Staples, as did also two other men, all paying the train crew something for the privilege of riding. As they neared this place the two strangers waked the others up and robbed them, intimidating them with a revolver. Ludeen refused to give up his money and was shot through the head. The other four men did as they were bidden and leaped from the train. They escaped without serious injury, and at once came to Elk River and reported the murder to Sheriff Ward, who telegraphed to Anako to have the train searched. The body of the murdered man was found in the coach, but the murderers had escaped.

Reformed Burglar Gives Up.

Charles Mason, intoxicated, wandered into a police station at Hackensack, N. J., and proclaimed himself a reformed burglar. On him was found the loot of a robbery at a club in Richmond Hill, L. I.

An Unhappy Woman's Advice.

A woman who has had a very unhappy married life gives this advice to young women:

Don't marry a man to reform. It can't be done unless he is under twenty-two.

The woman who permits her heart to rule her head makes a sad mistake.

If a girl loves a man, no matter how dissipated or selfish he may be, she plunges into matrimony with her eyes closed.

No woman should ever depend entirely on her husband for happiness. It is folly and leads always to heartache. A married woman should have a life apart from her husband.

Let her keep sweet and true and lovable, but beyond a certain point she should not venture, lest she lose her individuality in her husband's, with the result that he will impose upon her.

Beware of a man with an ungovernable temper, and almost all men are endowed with this quality.

Shun the man who drinks to excess, for it is a habit that leads to wretchedness.

Avoid also the man who is selfish, the man who considers always his own interests before those of his wife.

All men are fickle, and it depends on the wife's power to hold them.—Baltimore Sun.

An Answer.

The Duchess of Sutherland is a great lover of children and often visits the village schools to see the little ones. On one occasion the class had just finished drawing a carrot, and a specimen of the vegetable lay on the table. Holding it up, the Duchess said: "Can any one tell what pretty and useful animals are fond of this vegetable?"

Up went one little fellow's hand.

"You may tell me, my little man."

"Please, mem, yourself," was the child's startling reply.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

More Offices Than Candidates.

The little Republic of San Marino, the smallest and oldest in the world, is in the throes of a reform movement. The greatest difficulty it has to contend with is to find in its 9000 population suitable men to fill the offices of state.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Does Not Balance.

"Here's a scientist who says that for everything that goes out, there is always an equivalent to balance it exactly."

"Nonsense. For instance, everybody gives away more Christmas presents than he receives."

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

An immense flower market is to be built in New York City.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBLINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900

Our railways handle about $12,000,000 worth of grain a year.

WINSLOW

ICE SKATES

Our Ice Skates include all up-to-date lines for ladies, men, boys, girls and little children. Sixty-one different styles of adjustments and finish.

If your dealer hasn't them, we have; send to us. Address Dept. C for Complete Catalogue.

The Samuel Winslow Skate Mfg. Co., Worcester, Mass.

Also manufacturers of Winslow Roller Skates.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

Argentina is one of the largest buyers of American made agricultural machinery and implements.

Rice is now being cultivated on a large scale on the Island of Madagascar. N. Y.—48.

Women who work, whether in the house, store, office or factory, very rarely have the ability to stand the strain. The case of Miss Frankie Orser, of Boston, Mass., is interesting to all women, and adds further proof that woman's great friend in need is **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered misery for several years. My back ached and I had bearing down pains, and frequent headaches. I would often wake from a restful sleep in such pain and misery that it would be hours before I could close my eyes again. I dreaded the long nights and weary days. I could do no work. I consulted different physicians hoping to get relief, but, finding that their medicines did not cure me, I tried **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** as it was highly recomended to me. I am glad that I did so, for I soon found that it was the medicine for my case. Very soon I was rid of every ache and pain and restored to perfect health. I feel splendid, have a fine appetite, and have gained in weight a lot."—MISS FRANKIE ORSER, 14 Warrenton St., Boston, Mass.

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak, sick and discouraged, and exhausted with each day's work. Some derangement of the feminine organs is reponsible for this exhaustion, following any kind of work or effort. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you just as it has thousands of other women.

The case of Mrs. Lennox, which follows, proves this.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Last winter I broke down suddenly and had to seek the advice of a doctor. I felt sore all over, with a pounding in my head, and a dizziness which I had never experienced before. I had a miserable appetite, nothing tasted good, and gradually my health broke down completely. The doctor said I had female weakness, but, although I took his medicine faithfully, I found no relief.

"After two months I decided to try what a change would do for me, and as **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** was strongly recommended to me I decided to try it. Within three days I felt better, my appetite returned, and I could sleep. In another week I was able to sit up part of the day, and in ten days more I was well. My strength had returned, I gained fourteen pounds, and felt better and stronger than I had for years. I gratefully acknowledge its merits. Very sincerely yours, MRS. BERT E. LENNOX, 120 East 4th St., Dixon, Ill."

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were $6,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.

SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $5.00 to $7.00."—B. S. McCUE, Dept. Coll., U. S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

Makes Clothes Whiter—Work Easier—Kitchen Cleaner.

SNOW BOY WASHING POWDER

at your Grocers

Valuable Premiums given for box fronts. | Send for Catalogue N Lautz Bros. & Co. Buffalo, N.Y.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Nov. 27: "An Inspiring Outlook In India"—Matt. ix, 36-38; x, 1-7.

By REV. WALTER J. YATES.

"As ye go, preach, saying, the kingdom of heaven is at hand."

"Heal the sick, cleanse the lepers, raise the dead, cast out devils; freely ye have received, freely give."

Other lands and other centuries have seen marvels of grace and wonderful transformations among men by the power of the gospel of Jesus Christ, but no age and no country has seen more rapid, substantial and extensive reformation of life than has taken place in India in the last half century. Nor has any other church been more signally prospered of God in this work than has our own.

A few years since the Christian world was startled by the news of thousands of natives in the Baptist mission fields in the southern parts of the peninsula forsaking their idols and ancestral faith and seeking the God of the Christians.

These scenes have been more than paralleled in our own work in the past few months. The number who would be baptized and gathered into the church is limited only by an ability to provide pastor-teachers who shall instruct these new converts in the Christian faith and practice. We must not make the mistake of the great Roman Catholic missionary, Francis Xavier, who in this same India baptized multitudes, but did not succeed in changing their heathenism because of lack of persistent teaching the ways of truth and righteousness.

A baptized heathen is little if any better than an unbaptized heathen either for this world or the next. He must be Christianized, which is much more than merely evangelized. This does not mean the change of costume or architecture or speech to conform to the customs of some foreign nation. But it means the purification of the spiritual nature from lust of carnality and cruelty and all evil things and the indwelling of the nature of purity and love; then the development of this in society according to the genius of each people in its own land and times.

The prospect in India was never before so inspiring as now. The people who come to us now are realizing the true nature of what we seek, as was not the case some years back, and they are coming from the sincere desire for the things of God and not for the superior advantages in trade and society they might receive from becoming Christians.

Again, we are using better agencies and using them more wisely and efficaciously than we have ever been able to do heretofore. We are not baptizing the heathen and then turning them back into their old channels of life to practice the degrading abominations of their former superstition. We are taking hold of every part of their life in home, in society and business and proving the purity and sanity of the gospel through it until it all reforms into new modes of doing and thinking.

Our schools and hospitals and presses and home visitation are making a new India in which dwell purity and hope and righteousness.

Then the extent of the field as it opens so rapidly to our agencies is inspiriting. In 1856 we planned to work in one small section and among people of but one language. Providentially the work has enlarged beyond all imagination of the pioneers, and now we are working among the Himalayan snows and on the south coast of the peninsula, and beyond the shores of Burma to far Singapore, on the Malaccan strait, we have followed the calls for aid and entered the open doors.

No member of our church, especially no Epworth League, should neglect to obtain a broad knowledge of our progress in India, our present condition and prospects and to pray for the coming of the kingdom.

Sincerity In Religion.

Christian practice as an evidence to a man's own self of the sincerity of his religion is much to be preferred to any discoveries or exercises of grace whatever that begin and end in contemplation. Sincerity in religion consists in setting God highest in the heart, in choosing Him above all things. But a man's actions are the proper trial what a man's heart prefers. To forsake all for Christ in heart is the very same thing as to have a heart to forsake all for Christ. But certainly the proper trial whether a man has a heart to forsake all for Christ's sake is his being actually put to it, actually doing it when other things come in competition with it or so far as called to it. Godliness consists not in a heart to intend to do the will of God, but in a heart to do it.—Jonathan Edwards.

I Will Give You Rest.

It may be a long day's journey,
And our hearts may feel weary and old,
But start with the Master's blessing
And go back at night to his fold.

Back to the rest and comfort
That comes from a talk with Him.
At the sound of His "Well done!" or
"Fear not!"
The cares and the worries grow dim.

—Forward.

In New York City.

The New York city Christian Endeavor union embraces nearly 200 societies and has more than 7,000 members.

A Store with Goods at Popular Prices.

Shapiro Bros.,

MAPLETON, PA.

A Store to Satisfy the Wants of Everybody for Little Money.

THE BARGAIN STORE INVITES YOU ALL

TO COME AND SEE ITS MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF THE SEASON'S NEWEST MERCHANDISE.

As the result of months of carvful preparation our stocks are filled with new merchandise of the highest standard of quality, representing the very latest styles. Our goods are bought through our buyer for an organization of seven large stores which use enormous quantities of goods each season. This means that they secure them at away down prices—we mention this fact as it is an important one—because we buy at low prices we can afford to sell at low prices. This is the secret why our prices are always lower than those of other stores.

The Most Brilliant Bargains We Now Offer.

Suits and Wraps

Tailored suits, not commonplace styles, but garments of merit..... $5.98

Women's and Misses' Jackets

Made of fine correct materials or light weight Kerseys in new styles..... $3.48

Waists and Skirts

A special offer of waists, made of fancy flannels..... 49c

New Fall Skirts

Splendid values, made of fine quality cheviots and suitings, $1.00 $1,25 $1.50..... $2.00

Little Girls' Coats

Trimmed with the latest shades of faney beaver trimmings, and the price only 75c, $1.00 $1.50

Dress Goods Silks

25 pieces new fall goods for Misses and Children's dresses, fancy plaids tailored checks, price 10c

20 pieces fall dress goods, brown and striped suiting..... 25c

15 pieces Zibeline, choice fabrics for coats and suits, pure wool 40c

Fancy Vesting

High class cotton vestings are largely used for women's waists 10c

Silk Values

Black taffeta silk..... 34c

Blue and brown taffeta silk.. 40c

Muslin and Sheeting

Extra heavy muslin..... 5c

Sheeting extra wide..... 15c

Calico and Gingham

A well selected line of calico and gingham..... 5c

FALL UNDERWEAR

Our underwear department is now ready to serve you with its new bargains at remarkable prices.

Ladies' and Misses fleece lined vests, pants to match..... 10c

Fleece lined union suits..... 25c

All-wool vests, pants to match 75c

Misses' vests and pants (heavy) 15c

Children's vests and pants, ribbed or fleece..... 10c

Men's fleece lined shirts, all sizes, drawers to match.... 35c

Boys' fleece shirts or drawers.. 24c

Men's Jersey top shirts..... 29c

Men's and boys sweaters..... 25c

BED COVERINGS

Full size haps..... 59c

Cotton blankets..... 49c

Wool blankets large in size, factory made and heavy $2.25

Furnishing Goods

Men's Dress Shirts of fancy percale, stiff bosoms..... 31c

Boys' fine shirts, well made... 25c

Hats and Caps

We want you to see our line of hats and caps, styles, shapes and colors are here in plenty. Prices the lowest.

Men's Derby hats..... $1.00

Men's felt hats..... 50c

Men's and boys' caps..... 25c

Neckwear

The best assortment of neckwear in all the best colors and styles can be seen now in our neckwear department. Prices, 10, 15 and 25 cents.

Gloves

Undressed and finished leather in pretty black and brown, all sizes, and our low price 25, 50, 75c

Clothing. Clothing.

It is up to you to come to us to buy your Clothing and save money. We have made special effort to buy for you the newest up-to-date makes of clothing that makers produce. We can fit everybody Our clothing is tailored by the BEST MAKERS THE MARKET AFFORDS. THE PRICES THE LOWEST.

Come and see the Fall Line and We will Learn You How to Save Money.

DRESS OVERCOATS.

Fancy Melton Coats, well made..... $3.00

Heavy Vicuna Cloth, well made..... $5.00

Boys' coats, a large variety in all shades, styles and sizes. Pricos as low as..... $2.00

MEN'S SUITS

Men's wool cheviot suits of blue and black, $3.50.

Men's fancy cassimere suits, brown and fancy mixtures guaranteed lining, $5.00.

Men's fancy worsted suits and dark brown and gray, $7.50.

BOYS' SUITS

Double breasted and Norfolk suits 99c.

Boys' Norfolk suits in the latest greenish fabrics, well made, all ages, $1.75.

Young men's suits of fancy cheviots and mixtures at the remarkable price, $2.75.

Men's and Boys Trousers

Men's dress pants, $1.00.

Men's all wool pants, $1.25.

Boys' school pants, 75c.

Boys' dress pants, $1.00.

Men's corduroy pants, $1.25.

Boys' corduroy pants, $1.00.

Knee pants, 15c.

Corduroy knee pants, 25c.

Hunting coats, 75c.

Many other Clothing Bargains which will not permit us to enumerate.

SHOES

Our Shoe Department has a strong pull with our customers. Take any shoes we handle and compare them with other shoes handled by other merchants. You'll not only find that our shoes are lower in price, but better in quality, and an additional saving from 20 to 35 per cent. Note this:

Men's work shoes	99c	Women's heavy shoes	95
Men's dress shoes	$1.25	Women's dress "	1.00
Men's enamel "	1.75	" pat. leather	1.50
Men's boots,	1.50	Girls' shoes	75c
Boys' boots,	1.50	Little boys' shoes, best made	75c
Rubbers, lowest prices.			

Furniture and Carpets

You must understand that all our prices on Furniture must be lower than customary. That is for the same goods furniture stores handle we must charge less. This is one of the fundimental principles of our business. You can buy the same furniture at furniture stores but nobody can show them at our low prices.

CARPETS		RUGS	
Tapestry Brussels	50c	Brussels rugs	75c
Body Brussels	65c	Oriental	$1.25
Rag Carpet	25c	Fancy velvet	1.50

Groceries

The splendidly arranged department, so convenient, so comfortable. The cleanliness, the prompt and efficient service and the unusually low prices for the best groceries have made this headquarters for family trade. We have everything you need but haven't the space to list the items in stock. A visit to our Grocery Department will convince you that we are headquarters for groceries.

Produce taken in exchange

During the month of November we will buy Railroad Ties.

SHAPIRO BROS. MAPLETON, PA.